Eika Boligkreditt

Investor presentation

September 2020



Executive summary

The economy

- GDP-growth expected -3.9% in 2020, but rebound in 2021
- Corona related measures will weaken budget by NOK 245 billion (7% of GDP) in 2020 financed by increased transfers from Pension Fund Global
- Unemployment rate expected to average
 5.1% in 2020 falling to 4.1 % in 2023
- Balanced housing market, house prices
 +2.0% post COVID-19
- Lower oil prices will cause lower
 petroleum investments (-4% in 2020 and -10% in 2021)

Robust, local saving banks

- 3rd largest Norwegian banking group
- Focus on retail lending
- High asset quality with low levels of doubtful & non-performing loans, low LTV and no direct exposure to oil/offshore
- Strong and diversified deposit base
- Strong capitalization and high level of liquidity buffers
- Strong position in the local markets

Conservative cover pool

- Maximum 75% LTV for mortgages at origination and strict underwriting criteria
- No arrears or losses since inception
- Prudent risk management with regards to refinancing, liquidity, currency, interest rate and counterparty risk
- Credit guarantees from the distributors and capital and liquidity support agreements with the owners



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Eika Boligkreditt
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COVID-19 situation – Norway's government increases spending

Estimated changes in non-oil Fiscal Budget for 2020 as a result of economic measures and changed outlook for the economy.

	NOKbn
Measures for businesses	98.2
Mitigating income loss for businesses	44.1
Compensation (cash pay-out) to enterprises with severe income loss	30
Aviation sector, including loss provision to guarantee scheme	14.1
Loss provisioning, government guarantees for bank loans to business	10
Income protection for persons	51.2
Extension of income protection schemes (in isolation)	27.3
Additional increase in spending on unemployment benefits	23.9
Additional increase in spending on sickness and other social benefits	0
Other compensation schemes	7.2
Strengthening of critical infrastructure sectors	23.3
Other measures	6.1
Reduced tax revenue from lower activity	59.4
SUM Weakening of the budget balance	245.4
Of which:	
Discretionary measures	162.1
Automatic stabilizers	83.4
Fiscal indicators:	
Fiscal impulse (change in non-oil structural budget deficit in % of the trend in mainland GDP)	5.5
Change in deficit in % of the pension fund, percentage points	1.6
Structural, non-oil budget deficit in % of the Government Pension Fund Global	4.2



The Norwegian economy - Key indicators

- Constitutional monarchy; Non EU member (EEA member);
 Population of 5.3 million
- Aaa / AAA / AAA rated country (all with stable outlook)
- GDP per capita amongst the highest in the OECD countries estimated to be 48% higher than the average in EU (28 countries)

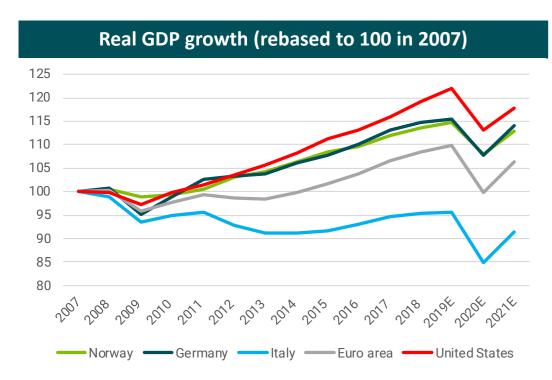
- •GDP growth expected to fall by 3.9 % in 2020 driven by reduced private consumption, reduced investments and reduced export.
- •Rebound in GDP expected in 2021 with growth of 4.3% driven by a reversal of negative development in private consumption and export in 2020.

	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020E	2021E	2022E	2023E
GDP growth (Mainland)	2.2 %	1.4 %	0.9 %	2.0 %	2.2 %	2.3 %	-3.9 %	4.3 %	3.2 %	2.1 %
Consumer price inflation	2.0 %	2.1 %	3.6 %	1.8 %	2.7 %	2.2 %	1.2 %	3.2 %	1.9 %	2.1 %
Unemployment	3.6 %	4.5 %	4.7 %	4.2 %	3.8 %	3.7 %	5.1 %	4.5 %	4.3 %	4.1 %
Private Consumption	2.1 %	2.7 %	1.1 %	2.2 %	1.9 %	1.7 %	-6.0 %	6.6 %	4.4 %	2.3 %
Household savings rate	7.7 %	9.8 %	6.9 %	6.6 %	5.9 %	8.0 %	12.5 %	7.4 %	5.5 %	5.0 %
Houseprices	2.7 %	6.1 %	7.0 %	5.0 %	1.4 %	2.5 %	-1.0 %	1.0 %	3.6 %	2.9 %
Mortgage rate (flexi loans)	3.9 %	3.2 %	2.6 %	2.6 %	2.7 %	3.0 %	2.4 %	1.9 %	2.0 %	2.3 %
Government net lending as % of GDP	8.6 %	6.0 %	4.1 %	5.0 %	7.8 %	6.4 %	-1.4 %	1.4 %	n/a	n/a
Government pension fund / GDP	204 %	239 %	241 %	257 %	233 %	265 %	287 %	289 %	293 %	303 %

Source: Statistics Norway - Konjukturtendensen 2/2020, OECD - Economic Outlook No. 107 single-hit scenario (database), June 2020 and Norges Bank

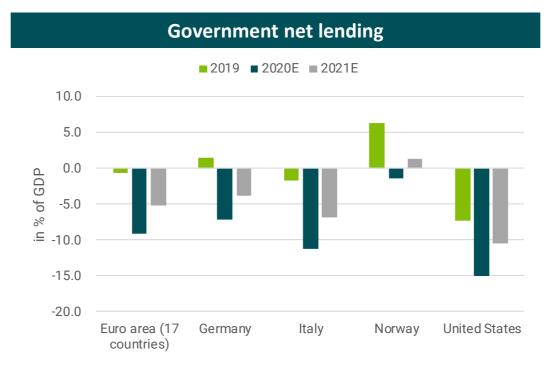


The Norwegian economy – Solid economic situation



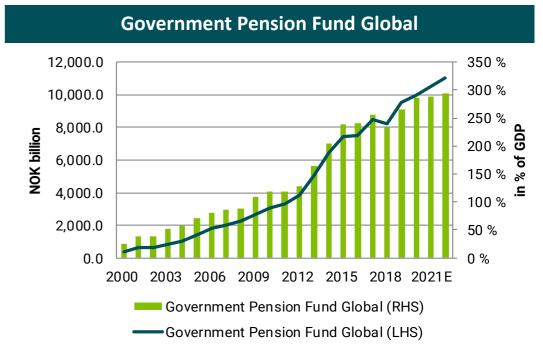
Source: OECD Economic Outlook No. 107 single-hit scenario (database), June 2020

- Economic growth at an annual average of 1.9% for Norwegian mainland GDP last 10 years, but -2.2% in Q1 and "all time low" of -6.3% in Q2 2020
- Strong current account surplus averaging 8.5% of GDP since 2010



Source: OECD Economic Outlook No. 107 single-hit scenario (database), June 2020

 Significant government net lending (6.4% of GDP in 2019, but OECD expect marginally negative in 2020) and the Government Pension Fund more than twice the size of GDP

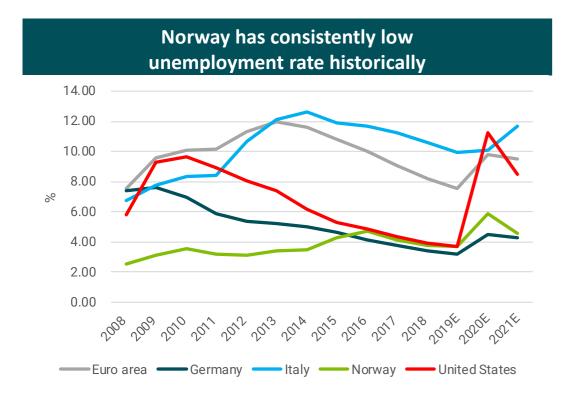


Source: Norges Bank, Statistics Norway

- Norway has a strong balance sheet
- High net central government financial assets (280% of GDP in 2018)

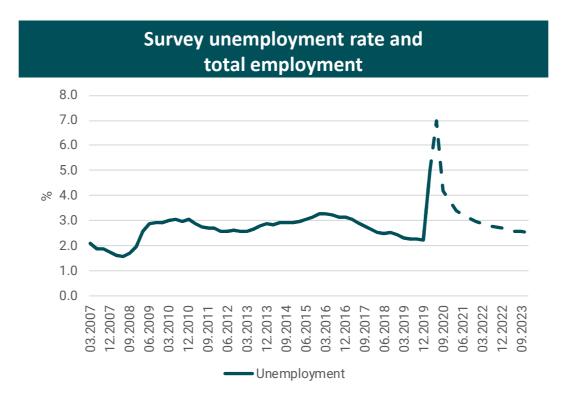


The Norwegian economy - Unemployment



Source: OECD Economic Outlook No. 107 single-hit scenario (database), June 2020

- A stable economy has ensured a high rate of employment historically
- After the COVID-19 outbreak unemployment has increased dramatically due to temporary lay-offs, but labour market have improved since primo April



Source: NAV and Norges Bank, MPR June 2020

- Significant growth in employment since 2016 until COVID-19
- 4.3% unemployment rate in August up from 2.3% before COVID-19 measures implemented, but down from local high of 10.4% March 24th

Registered unemployment in % of labour force and # by profession

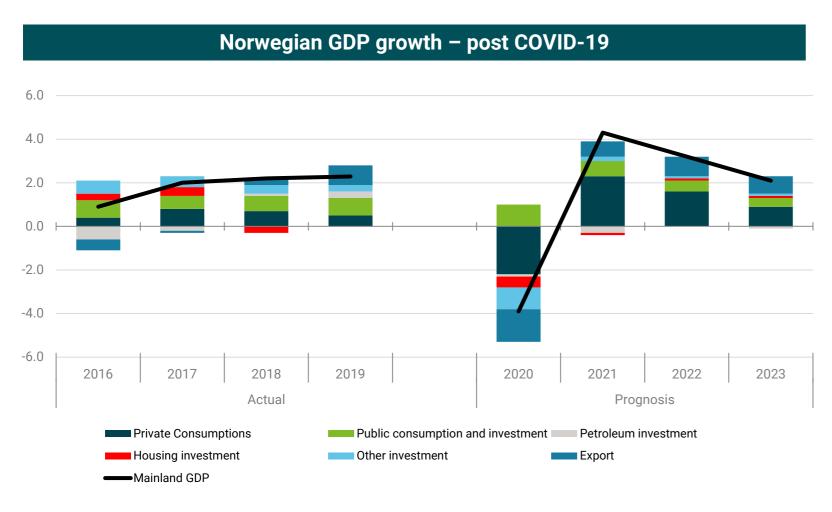
Profesions	#	% of labour force	Change # YoY	Change in % YoY	% of labour force last year
All	139 838	4,9	73 501	111	2,4
Managers	7 135	7,4	5 156	261	2,1
Engineers & IT	8 567	3,0	5 162	152	1,2
Teaching	4 408	2,1	1 695	62	1,3
Academical profesions	2 512	1,9	1 257	100	0,9
Health and care services	6 449	1,5	1 760	38	1,1
Child and youth work	6 633	6,0	1 665	34	4,7
Brokers & consultants	4 773	3,1	2 571	117	1,4
Office workers	12 371	6,8	6 845	124	3,2
Store and sales work	16 688	6,2	8 330	100	3,1
Agriculture, forestry and fishery	1 251	2,3	229	22	1,9
Construction & building	11 596	5,3	6 045	109	2,6
Industrial work	12 837	6,8	6 910	117	3,0
Tourism & transportation	19 737	10,7	13 846	235	3,2
Services & other employment	14 979	5,9	8 162	120	2,7
No profession or unknown	9 902	*	3 868	64	*

Source: NAV, August 2020

 A strong welfare system provides significant income protection: unemployment benefit is 62.4% of salary (capped at NOK 599,148) for a minimum of 104 weeks. COVID-19 related measure is to increase benefit to 80% of first NOK 300,000

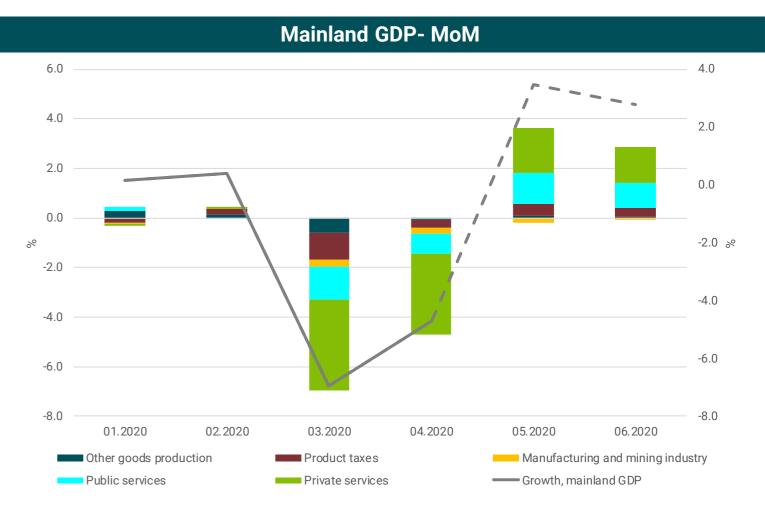


The Norwegian economy – post COVID-19 outbreak



Source: Statistics Norway, Konjunkturtendensene 2/2020

- GDP growth expected to fall by 3.9 % in 2020 driven by reduced private consumption, reduced investments and reduced export.
- Rebound in GDP expected in 2021 with growth of 4.3% driven by a reversal of negative development in private consumption and export in 2020.



Source: Statistics Norway and Norges Bank, MPR June 2020

• The Norwegian economy contracted in March (MoM -6.9%) and April (MoM -4.7%), but is expected to show a strong rebound in May and June

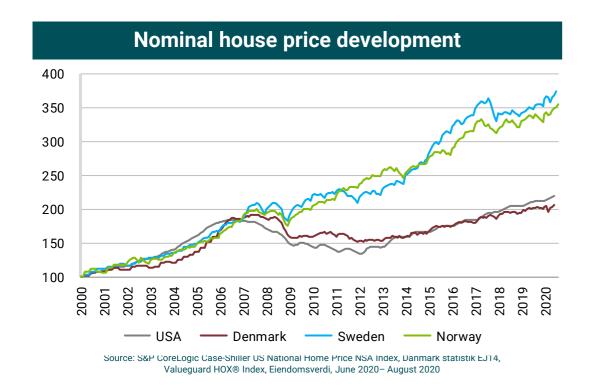


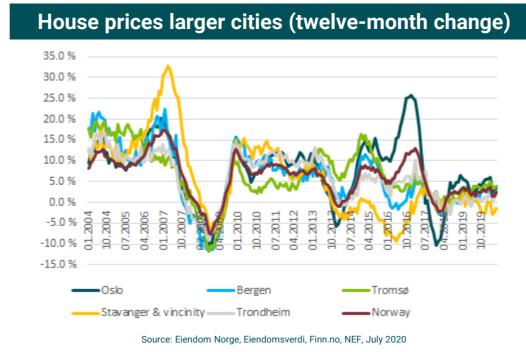
The housing market characteristics in Norway

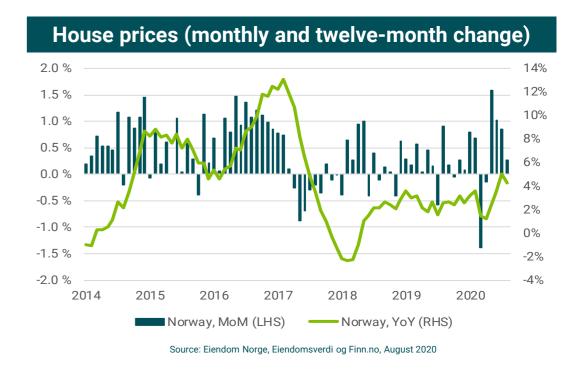
Home ownership	 Among the highest in the world – 76.8% are owner-occupied households Total size of the mortgage market NOK 2,851 bn (EUR 288 bn)
MoF lending regulation*	 Mortgages maximum LTV 85% (60% for secondary homes in Oslo) Mortgages with an LTV > 60% are required to be amortizing Debt service ability is stress tested for a 5% - point increase in interest rates Total debt over gross income less than 5 Flexibility quota per quarter 10% (8% in Oslo)
Tax incentives	 All interest expenses are tax deductible in Norway at capital gains tax rate (22%) Preferential treatment of properties when calculating the wealth tax (0.85%) Capital gain on a dwelling tax-free after one year of occupancy by the owner

Personal liability	 Borrowers personally liable for their debt – also following foreclosures and forced sales Prompt and efficient foreclosure process upon non-payment Strong incentives to service debt reflected in low arrears Transparent and reliable information about borrowers available to the lenders
Mortgage lending	 Typical legal maturity 25-30 years, on average 22-23 years 93.3% of residential mortgages have variable interest rate (Q3 2019) Lenders allowed to adjust interest rates with a six week notice No "sub-prime" market in Norway Very limited buy-to-let market

The housing market - Price development





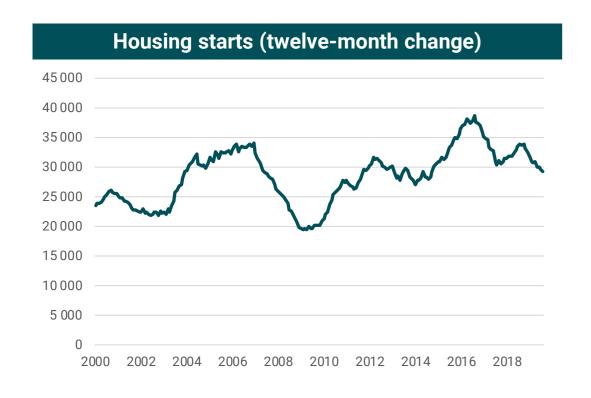


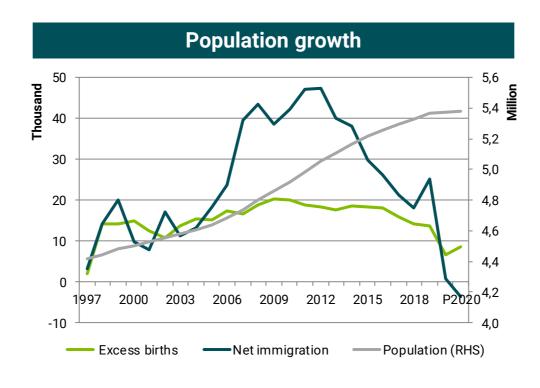
- Nominal house prices have increased by an average of 6.3% per annum since 2000.
- The Norwegian housing market have stabilized in 2018 and 2019 after volatile price development in 2016 and 2017. +6.3% YtD 2020, +2.0% post COVID-19
- House prices was expected to show some correction after COVID-19 in 2020 and 2021, but to pick up again from 2022. The housing market had outperformed expectations post COVID-19
- Small risk for a sudden and significant downward correction in house prices going forward

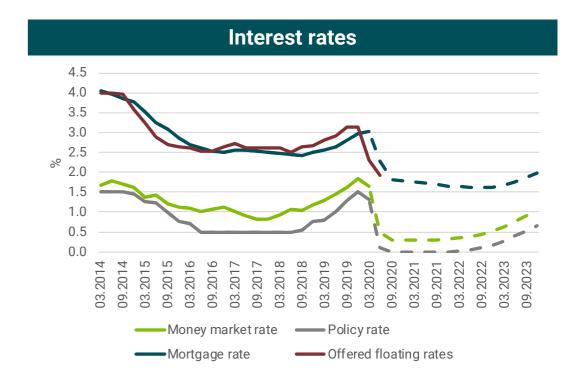
- Median house price (last 6 months) in Norway is
 € 285 000, median house price in Oslo is € 372 000
- Average m² price last 6 months in Norway is € 3 788, m² price in Oslo is € 6 568



The housing market – Drivers of the housing market







Source: Statistics Norway, July 2020

Housing investments and new home construction are expected to remain at current levels going forward after a moderate growth last two years

Source: Statistics Norway, Q2 2020

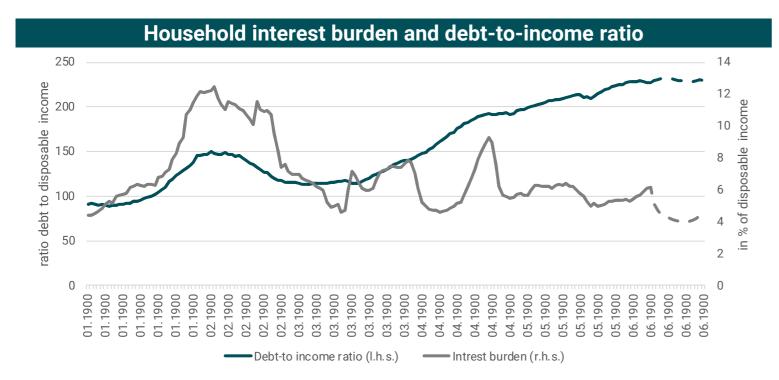
- Net immigration down from above 47,000 in 2011/12 to 25,000 in 2019 and -1,828 in Q2 2020.
 Net immigration in Q2 2020 was the first negative quarter since interception of this statistic series in Q4 1997
- The population growth of 0.9% p.a. since 1997 has been driven both by excess birth rate (39%) and net immigration (61%)

Source: Norges Bank, MPR June 2020

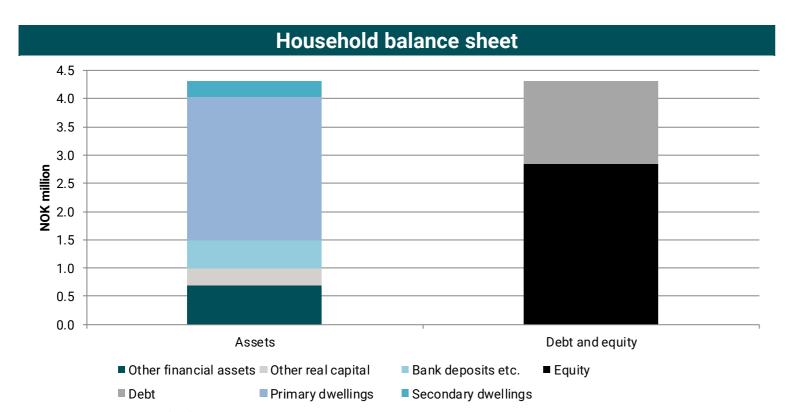
 Average variable mortgage rates was 1,81% in July. Development going forward will depend on the developments in the level in money market rates and funding costs and the competition between banks



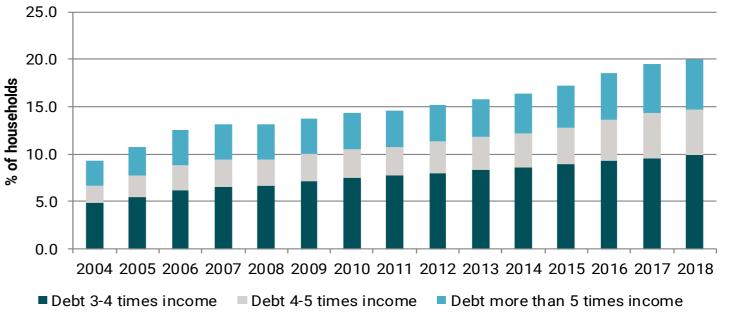
Households financial position



Source: Statistics Norway and Norges Bank, Q1 2020

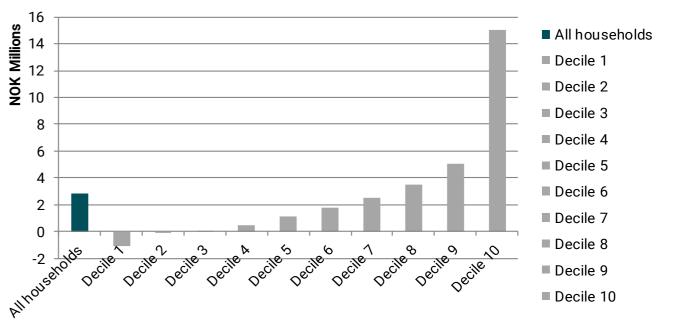


Norwegian households with debt > 3 X total household income (in %) 25.0



Source: Statistics Norway, Updated 2018

Norwegian households net wealth (in NOK)





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3rd largest Norwegian banking system

 The Eika Alliance consist of a group of 63 Norwegian local banks¹, Eika Gruppen and Eika Boligkreditt

Total assets EUR 40 bn

850,000 customers

2,170 employees

211 branch offices

The banks have a wide geographical reach (presence in 10 out of 11 counties) with a strong position in the vibrant economic centres in Central and Eastern Norway



- The Eika banks ranks high on client experience
- Local based knowledge and credit committee decisions
- Perceived to care about their clients

Market share in lending to retail customers

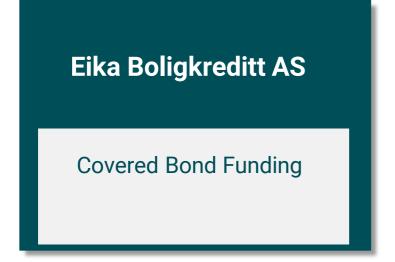
- Up to 80% in local markets (except the largest cities)
- 10.6 % market share retail lending in Norway

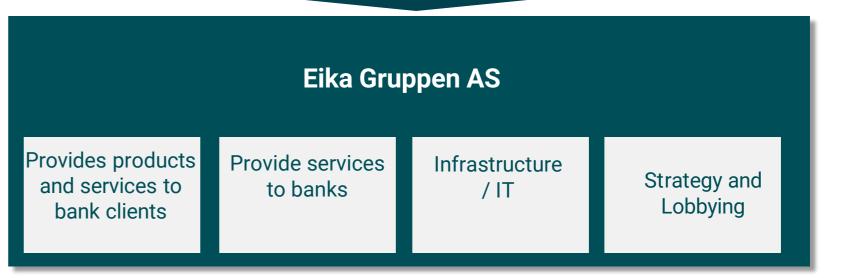
¹ 10 banks have given notice of termination of its agreements with Eika Gruppen. These banks in total own 12.1% of the shares in Eika Gruppen. The 10 alliance banks will leave the alliance when their agreements terminate on 31 December 2021. These banks have transferred 15.8% of the portfolio in Eika Boligkreditt. Eika Boligkreditt have given notice of termination of distribution agreement with effect from January 1st 2022. Se appendix for a description of the effect of cancellation of the distribution agreement.



The Eika Alliance









Achieving economies of scale, while being local

I. Eika banks

The saving banks are independent banks with very strong local focus, and operate solely in the local markets where they have been active for almost 200 years

II. Eika Gruppen

- The smaller Norwegian Savings banks established the Eika Alliance in 1997.
- Efficiency in banking operations and IT infrastructure
- Realize the economics of scale
- Jointly owned product companies (insurance, mutual funds etc)
- Shared resources to handle regulatory changes

III. Eika Boligkreditt

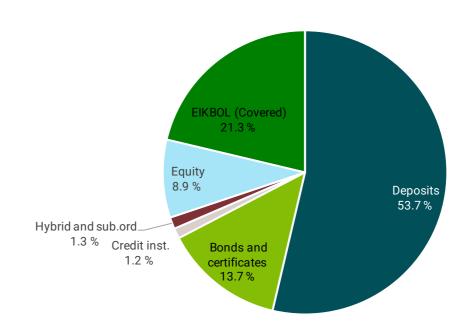
Provider of covered bond funding

Efficiency

- Work as if one integrated entity
- Operational integration
- Offer non-core banking products through jointly owned product companies



Total funding sources







Focus on retail customers

- Eika banks have a large and stable retail customer base
- Retail lending accounts for 81.2% of Eika banks' total lending
- Eika banks have a higher share of retail lending compared to the other Norwegian peers
- Retail lending consist predominantly of mortgage collateralized housing loans (approx. 93% of total)
- Low average LTV of 53.1% in mortgage portfolio

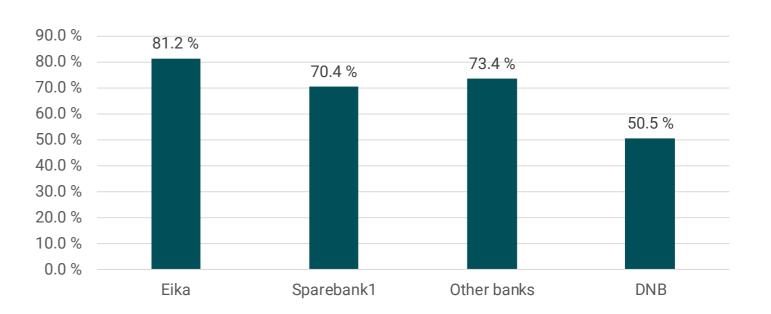
Local market focus

- Decisions are made close to the customer and transaction originations
- Each bank continues to develop its link with its local community
- Keeping its own name and legal identity



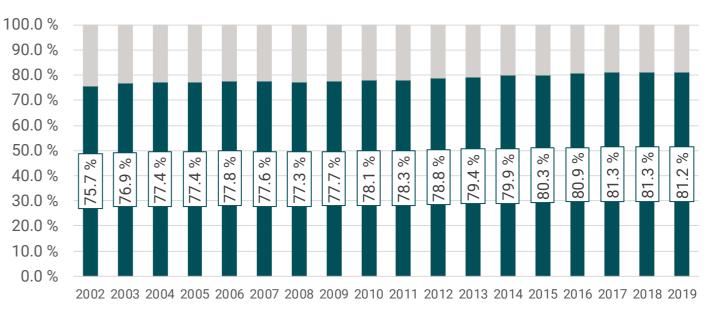
Separate legal identities and a common support brand

Retail share - Eika vs. peers



Source: Bank analyst Eika as of Q4 2019

Breakdown of the Eika banks lending



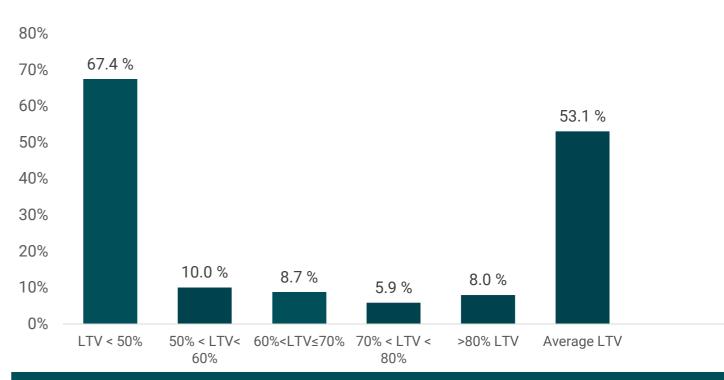
■ Retail incl. EBK ■ Corporate



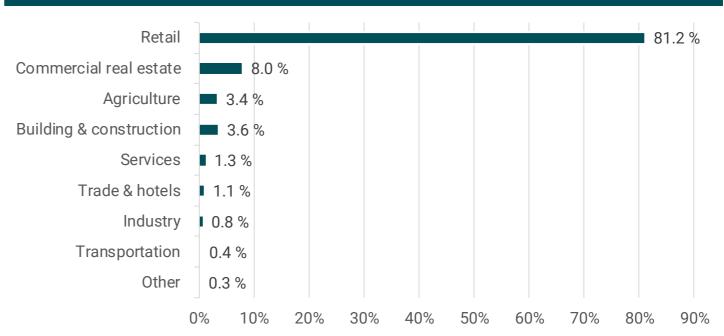
High asset quality

- Conservative risk profile within the banks
- Eika banks have low exposure to the corporate sector with no lending to shipping, oil sector and relatively low exposure to commercial real estate
- Few non-performing and doubtful loans
 - Gross non-performing loans constitute 0.60% of gross loans Q4 2019
 - Gross doubtful loans constitute 0.68% of gross loans Q4 2019
 - Provisioning ratio on problem loans of 40.4% Q4 2019
- Gross problem loans relative to equity + loan loss reserves was 9.2 % in 2019, up from 7.2 % in 2018
- Coronavirus outbreak will increase loan losses in 2020
 - Relatively low corporate share and low/no exposure to many particularly vulnerable industries
 - Level depends on the extent and length of the coronavirus epidemic, as well as the countermeasures implemented. We expect loan loss of around 0.3 to 0.4% of gross loans in 2020 vs. 0.07% in 2019
 - Loan losses in 1H20 will be step 1 and 2 provisions (general provisions)

Low LTV in mortgage portfolio (bank book)



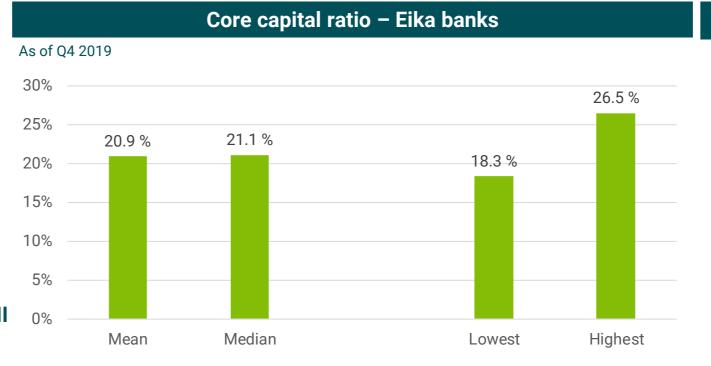
Sector breakdown of the loan book (incl.EBK)

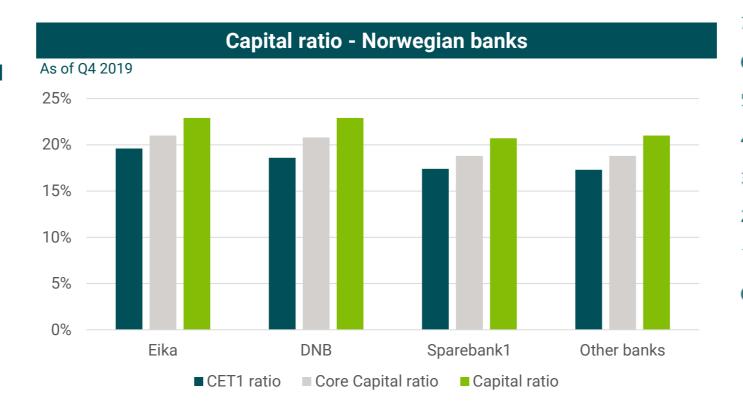


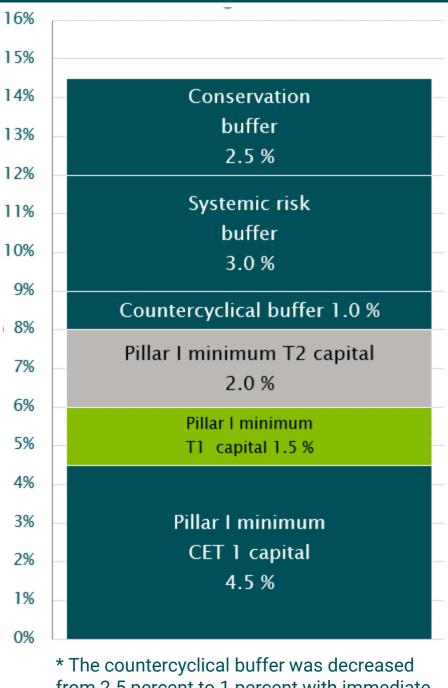


Strong capitalization

- Strong capital ratios Q4 2019
 - Common equity ratio (CET1): 19.5%
 - Core capital ratio: 20.9%
 - Capital ratio: 22.9%
 - Equity ratio (Equity/Total assets): 11.2%
- All Eika banks are well capitalized (core capital ratio)
 - Lowest: 18.3%Highest: 26.5%
- All Eika banks use the standard approach under Basel II and therefore increase in mortgage risk-weights will not impact capital levels of Eika banks
- If Eika banks were using the IRB method, the core and capital ratios are estimated to have been at 27.3% and 29.8% Q4 2019







Minimum capital requirements for Eika Banks*

* The countercyclical buffer was decreased from 2.5 percent to 1 percent with immediate effect from March 13th 2020. No Eika Bank has SIFI requirements



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Norwegian covered bonds

I. Norway's covered bonds legislation

- Specialist banking principle, ring fencing of assets and transparency
- Standard principles in the legislation in effect since 2007
- Harmonisation (EBA proposal from 2017) can easily be implemented in Norwegian law with minor changes

II. Regulatory

- Norwegian covered bonds are category 1 for LCR purposes (above EUR 500 mill.)
- 10% preferential risk weighting

III. Eika Boligkreditt covered bonds

- Eika Boligkreditt (EIKBOL) is a labelled covered bond issuer (<u>www.coveredbondlabel.com</u>)
- EIKBOL covered bonds are rated Aaa by Moody's
- Committed minimum OC of 5%
- 12 month soft-bullet on all CBs

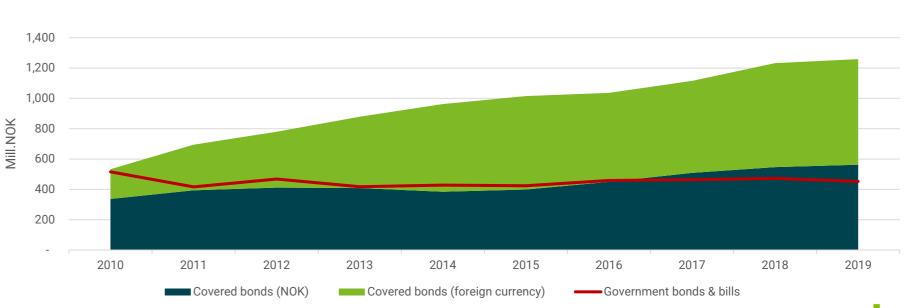
As of 2020Q1 Rest of issuers 15 % Sparebanken Sør 3 % Sparebanken Vest 6 % Nordea

Norwegian covered bonds and government bonds outstanding

Sparebank1 18 %

As of YE2019

Source: Finance Norway



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Eligibility criteria for mortgages in the cover pool

Customer categories

- Norwegian residents (Retail)
- Cooperative housing associations (common debt between multiple individuals)

IV. Type of properties

- Stand alone residential mortgages
- Cooperative housing residential mortgages

II. Credit Criteria

- Eika Boligkreditt sets the credit policy for acceptable mortgages for the cover pool (credit manual)
- No arrears

V. Type of products

- Principal repayment loans (currently no flexi loans)
- Fixed and variable interest rate loans

III. Collateral

- Max LTV 75% at time of origination (same as Norwegian legislation)
- Recent valuations (within 6 months at time of origination)
- Quarterly valuation from independent 3rd party, documented

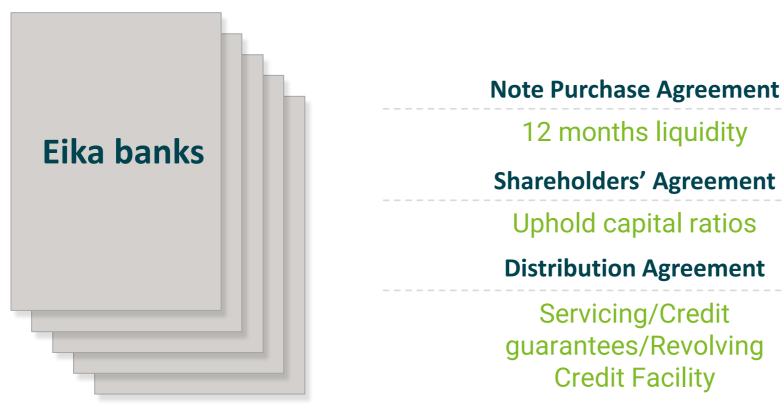
VI. Origination process

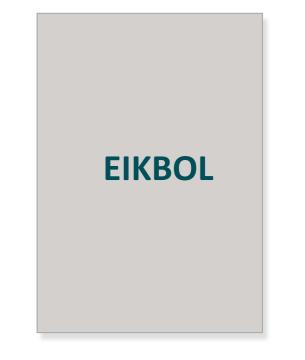
Loan-by-loan origination



Structure of liquidity and capital support from owners

- The Note Purchase Agreement (NPA) is structured to ensure that EIKBOL has liquidity, <u>at all times</u>, sufficient to pay the <u>Final Redemption Amount</u> of any series of Notes <u>in a rolling twelve month period</u>
- The Shareholders' Agreement is structured to ensure that EIKBOL will uphold a <u>sufficient capital adequacy</u> <u>ratio</u> at all times. The Owner Banks are obliged to pay their pro-rata share of any capital increase adopted by EIKBOL's general meeting and of any capital instruments to be issued
- The Distribution Agreement is structured to provide servicing of the mortgages and includes credit
 guarantees for mortgages transferred to EIKBOL and a revolving credit facility between Eikbol (borrower) and
 Eika bank (lender) for the value of mortgages exceeding 75% of the value of the collateral



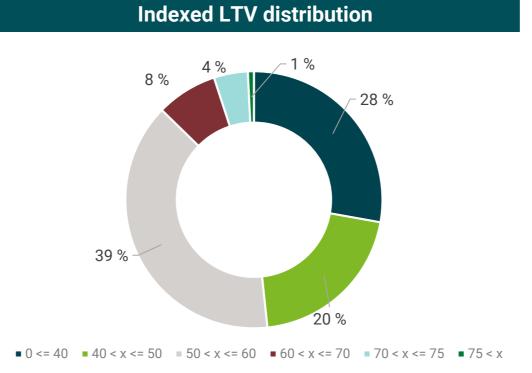


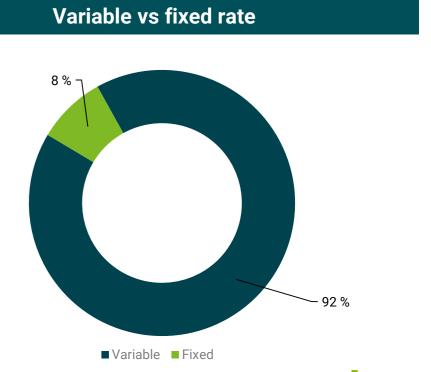


Summary of the mortgages in the cover pool

Nominal value	EUR 8.0 bn
Number of loans	54,524
Arithmethic average loan (nominal)	EUR 146,300
WA LTV (indexed)	46.9%
WA seasoning (months)	33
Loans in arrears (over 90 days)	0.0
Over-collateralization *	10.3 %

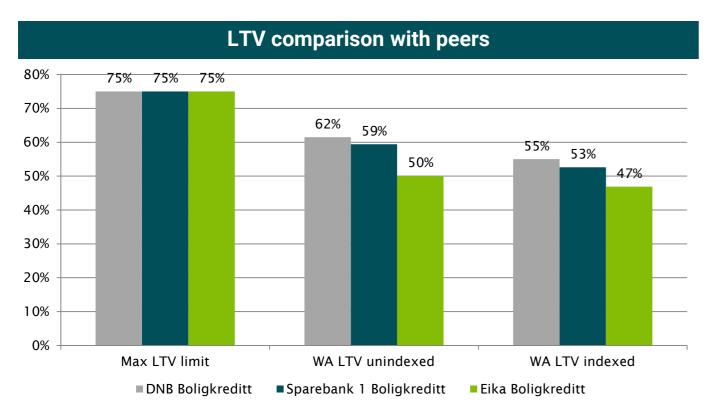
Type of collateral 6 % 94 % Residential (stand-alone) Residential (cooperative housing)



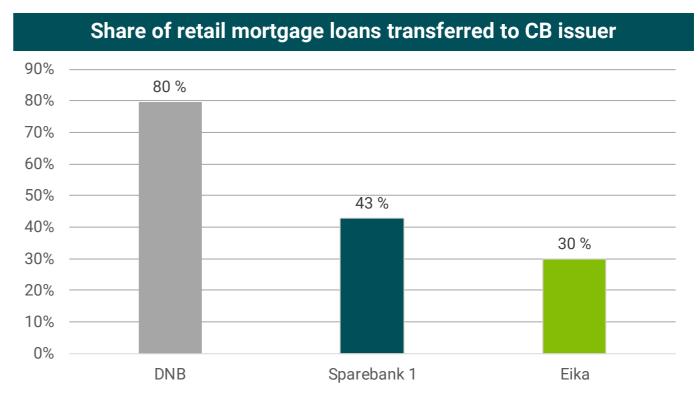




Cover pool comparison and stress test







Source: Bank Analyst Eika, Q4 2019

Stress test: Decline in house prices							
Stress test house price reduction (numbers in € million)	Unchanged	Decline of 10%	Decline of 20%	Decline of 30%			
Mortgage Portfolio	7,981	7,981	7,981	7,981			
Part of mortgages exceeding 75% LTV	0	26.3	77.7	357.6			
Share of mortgage portfolio >75% LTV	0.00 %	0.5 %	1.5 %	4.9%			
Estimated over-collateralization*	10.3 %	9.8 %	8.9 %	5.5 %			



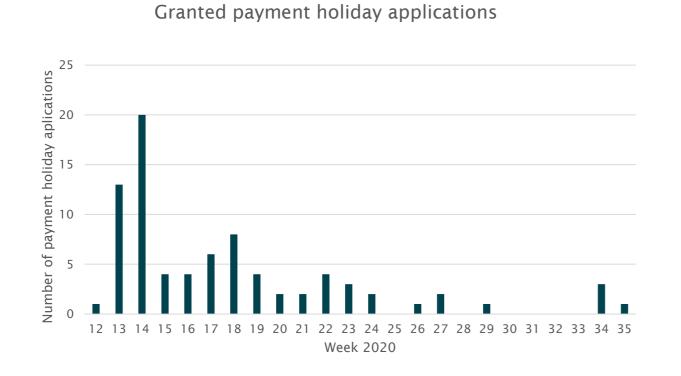
COVID-19 situation – Credit quality of the cover pool

Eika Boligkreditt has never experienced mortgages being delinquent for more than three months since startup of company

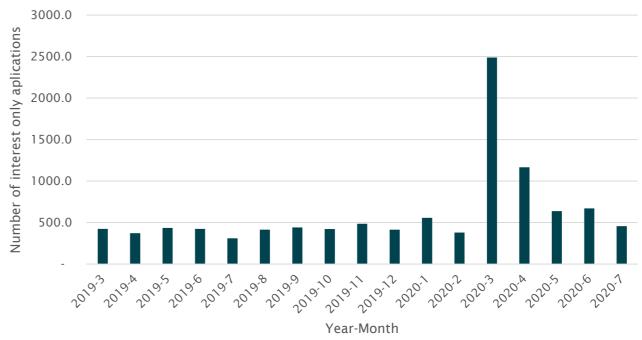
- After the COVID-19 outbreak and the increase in unemployment there has been an increased demand for payment holidays and to temporarily pay interest only.
- The graph on the bottom of the page shows monthly data for applications to pay only interest only temporarily.

Eika Boligkreditt has the following policies regarding payment holidays/temporarily interest only for mortgages

- LTV ≤60%, variable mortgage rate Banks can grant an interest only period for up to 10 years
- LTV >60%, variable mortgage rate Banks can grant an interest only period for up to 6 + 6 months
- Fixed mortgage rate Banks can grant an interest only period for up to 6 + 6 months
- Interest & repayment Banks can grant a grace period for up to 6 months. The interest is added to the principal. The maturity of
 the loan is extended with the grace period. The principal after the grace period cannot exceed original principal for the mortgage.









Current funding

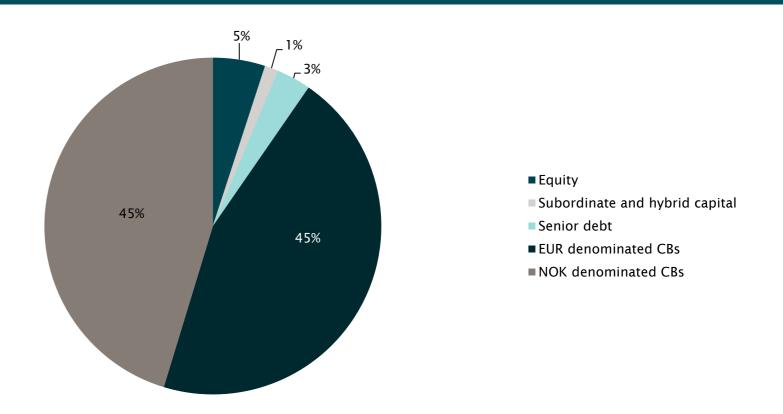
- EIKBOL has the objective to be a frequent benchmark issuer in both EUR and NOK covered bond markets
- Redemptions within any future 12-month rolling period should not exceed 20% of the gross funding at the time of redemption
- Targeting a level of liquidity covering redemptions the next 12 months
- Balance sheet hedged to 3M NIBOR on both asset and liability side

Outstanding EUR benchmark transactions

ISIN	Issue date	Volume (EUR mio)	Maturity date
XS1044766191	2014-03-12	500	2021-03-12
XS1312011684	2015-10-28	500	2021-10-28
XS0881369770	2013-01-30	1000	2023-01-30
XS1397054245	2016-04-20	500	2023-04-20
XS1566992415	2017-02-16	500	2024-02-16
XS1725524471	2017-11-28	500	2025-02-26
XS1869468808	2018-08-28	500	2025-08-28
XS2133386685	2020-03-12	500	2027-03-12
XS1945130620	2019-02-01	500	2029-02-01

Funding mix EIKBOL





Maturity profile of funding (in million NOK)



Eika Boligkreditt

Planned funding

- Budget for gross funding in 2020 is NOK-equivalent of 16.9 billion (EUR 1.7bn)
 - NOK-equivalent of 16.3 billion in covered bonds
 - NOK 600 million in senior unsecured bonds
- EIKBOL has the flexibility to pre-fund expected need in coming periods or shifting between covered bond funding in EUR vs NOK on a discretionary basis.

■AT1

■T2

Senior unsecured

Covered Bonds (denominated in NOK)

■ Covered Bonds (denomianted in EUR)

10,650

4,848

Stable growth of mortgage book

Actual and planned funding by instrument (in million NOK) As of 2020-08-25 18,000 16,000 14,000 12,000 10,000 8,000 6,000 4,000 2,000 Actual funding Actual funding Actual funding Planned funding 2018 2019 2020 2020 475 325 250 750 1,200 800 600

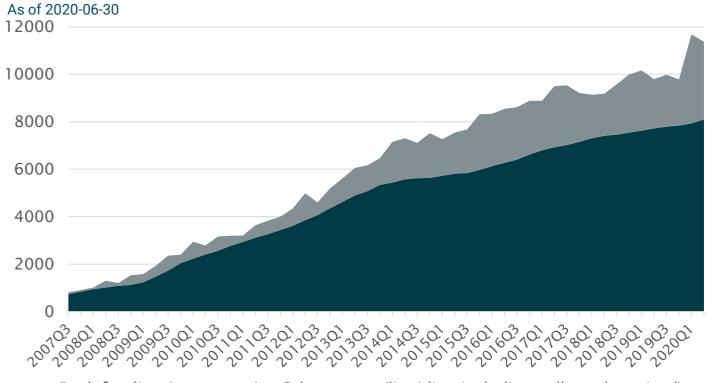
EIKBOL development in mortgages and AUM (in million €)

6,000

5,200

7,250

5,587



■ Bank funding (mortgages) ■ Other assets (liquidity, including collateral received)



6,000

9,843

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Focus areas sustainabability

Sustainable local growth and adjustment process



The project in the alliance propose two ambition levels within sustainability for the local banks with aligned priority programs to succeed

Sustainable savings & investments

Responsible and sustainable internal operations



Strategic framework for sustainablility in the Eika Alliance

Local bank 2023

Strong and caring local banks. Driving force for growth and development for you and your local community

Be an initiator for sustainable local growth, development and green readjustment through credit decisions and advisory services

Ambition: Be «the local strategist» for the local businesses and an initiator for sustaniable, local growth and readjustment

Strenghten communication about and continuing improvement of sustainable saving products

Ambition: Offer a meny of sustainable and green saving products

Strengten responsible and sustainable internal operations

Ambition: The Eika Alliance shall improve and prioritize responsible and sustainable internal operation to enable a credible position regarding sustainable local growth and readjustment prosess

Sustainable local growth and adjustment process



operations



Sustainable savings – a four step process in the investment process

PFG exclusion

Excludes all companies as Pension Fund Global + 2 private larger Norwegian Asset Mangers because of ESG

Sector exclusion

Excludes all companies within the following sectors:

- Coal
- Tobacco
- Gambling/Casino
- Weapon production

Also excludes all companies not engaging to follow international norms and standards - UN Global Impact

Product exclusion

Excludes all companies with the following products/activities:

- · Palm oil (all)
- Tobacco producers (all)
- Controversial weapons (all)
- · Weapon sale private (all)
- Oil sand (>10% of production)
- Pornography (>10%)
- Gambling (>10%)
- Tobacco related product (>25%)
- Tobacco distribution-/sales (>25%)
- Military contracts (>25%)

In addition we exclude all companies involved in serious controveries involved with corruption, environmental accidents, labor conflicts etc.

ESG score and carbon footprint

Excludes the 10% worst remanining companies with Systainalytics ESG risk rating and companies with a high carbon footprint

Portfolio construction

Universe

8,000 companies

NOK 598 bn.

Excluded companies

175 companies 41 bn. NOK

Accumulated exclusion list

175 companies NOK 41 bn.

Excluded companies

162 companies NOK 20 bn.

Accumulated exclusion list

299 companies NOK 47 bn. **Excluded companies**

168 companies NOK 36 bn.

Accumulated exclusion list

352 companies NOK59 bn.

Excluded companies

304 companies NOK 49 bn.

Accumulated exclusion list

611 companies NOK 94 bn.

Eligible universe

7294 companies (91%)

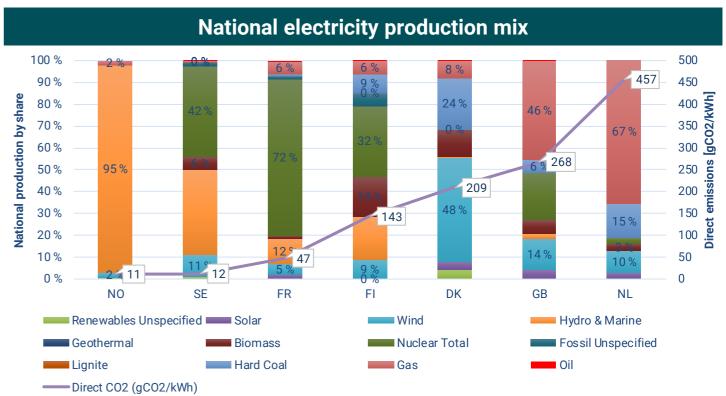
NOK 504 bn. (84%)



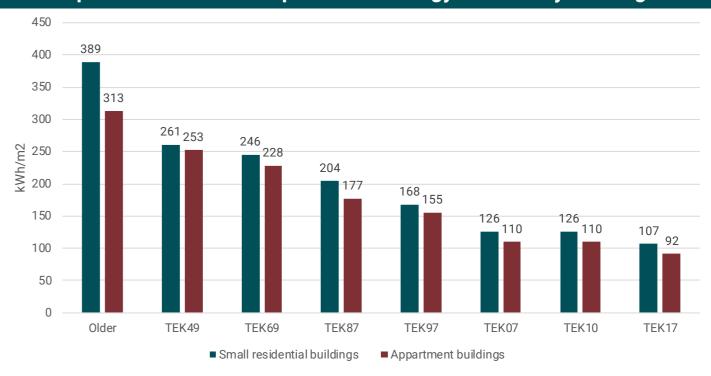
CO₂ Footprint Analysis of the Cover Pool – Background

- Norwegian buildings are predominantly heated with electricity
- Norway has one of the greenest energy source mix for electricity (>97% renewable energy =95% Hydro & 2% wind)
- The carbon intensity for the lifetime of a Norwegian residential building = 123g CO₂/Kwh, this compares to much higher carbon intensities for other European countries¹

- Over time, residential buildings in Norway have become more energy efficient – analyzing building codes provides a robust proxy as this data is available for the entire building stock (unlike EPC labels which represent ~50% of all buildings)
- With each new building code, energy efficiency standards for buildings have improved over time
- Multiconsult has estimated the CO₂ footprint of the entire Eika cover pool on this basis



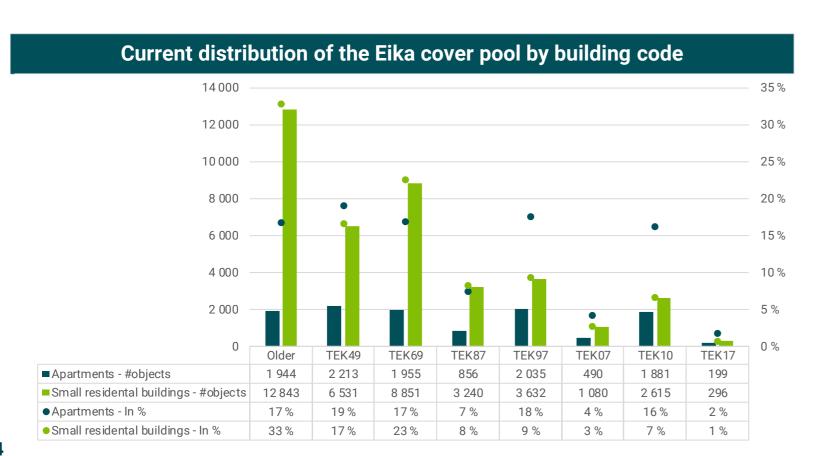
Development in calculated specific net energy demand by building code

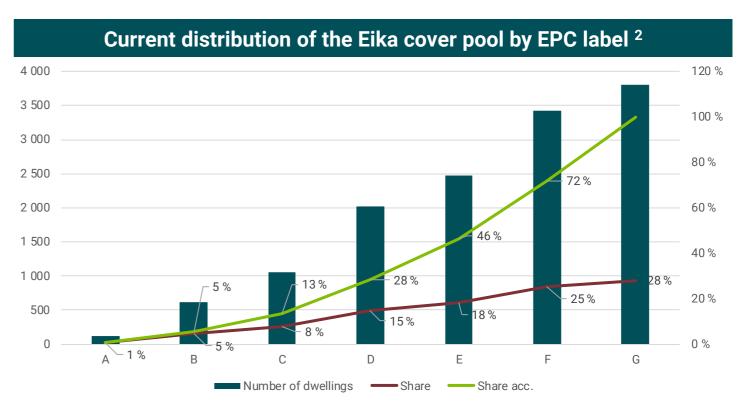




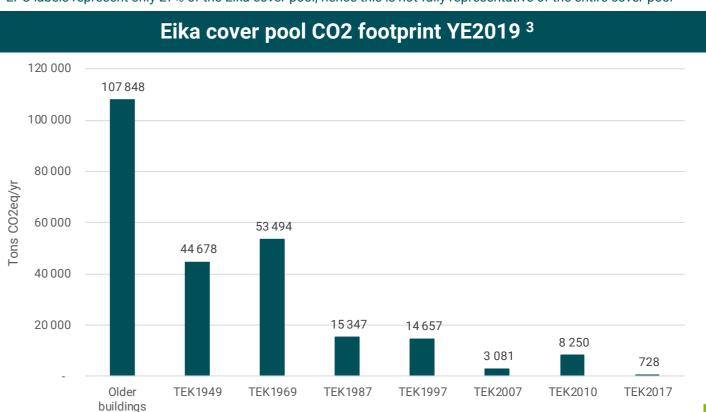
CO₂ Footprint Analysis of the Cover Pool – 2019

- As part of our 'Strategic Framework for Sustainability', Eika values increased disclosure in terms of scope 3 carbon impact
- The current portfolio, as of December 31st 2019, represents:
 - Yearly energy demand of 2,076 GWh
 - Yearly emissions of 255,839 tons CO₂ eq.





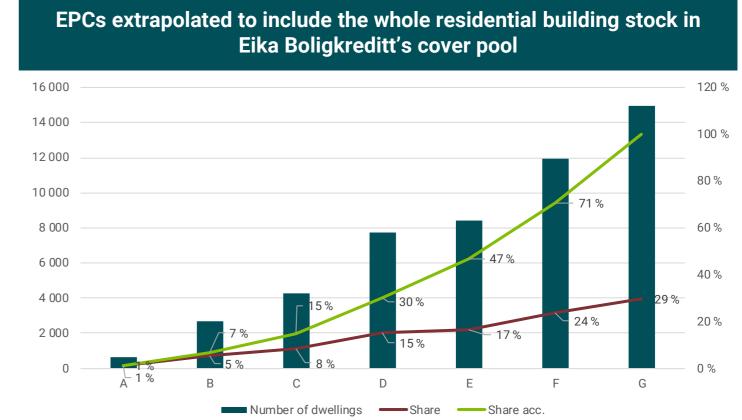
² EPC labels represent only 27% of the Eika cover pool, hence this is not fully representative of the entire cover pool



³ Portfolio CO2-emissions related yearly use in energy demand distributed by age of building

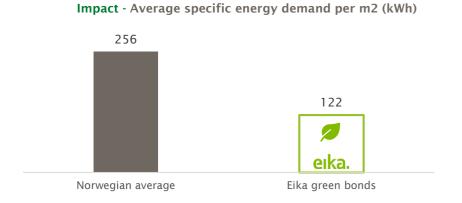
Green bond eligibility criteria and impact

- Two main eligibility criteria: Building code approach, and EPC label approach
- Both criterion are used to estimate the top 15% most efficient buildings vs. the total building stock
- Building codes are used as the basis of the analysis, given that they represent the entire building stock (whereas EPC labels represent ~50%)
- Criterion 1 (building code):
 - Apartments: TEK10 or TEK17
 - Other residentials dwellings: TEK07, TEK10 or TEK17
- Criterion 2 (EPC):
 - Extrapolating for the total building stock, EPC's with an A, B or C label are proven to be within the top 15% most efficient residential buildings
- This green bond eligibility criteria is aligned with the Climate Bonds Initiative taxonomy for Norwegian residential buildings



Current eligible portfolio in cover pool								
Criterion	Type of dwelling	Number of objects	Area total [m ²]	Portfolio size [MNOK]				
Criterion 1	Apartments	2 080	162 695	3 333				
(Building code)	Small residential buildings	3 991	685 365	9 015				
Criterion 2	Apartments	292	23 058	417				
(EPC)	Smal residential buildings	427	69 586	859				
Total		6 790	940 704	13 624				

- Eika green bond portfolio has an estimated average energy consumption of less than 50 per cent of the Norwegian average
- Estimated avoided CO2 emissions (entire pool) = 15,500 tons CO2/year





ESG in Eika Boligkreditt

Eika Boligkreditt does not invest in companies listed by the Council on Ethics for Government Pension Fund Global inconsistent with its Ethical Guidelines or companies within the sectors coal, tobacco, gambling and weapon production.



In 2018, EIKA BOLIGKREDITT AS received a rating of A (on a scale of AAA-CCC) in the MSCI ESG Ratings assessment¹.



Eika has a score of 74.6 out of maximum 100 on sustainability measured on a Norwegian Client Experience Index (CEI)

Eika is ranked number 4 out of 149 companies/brands across 33 sectors

Eika is ranked highest among 7 banks². Banks have the highest average sector CEI score of 67.8

More information about Corporate Social Responsibility and ESG in Eika Boligkreditt:

https://eikbol.no/About-us/ESG

https://etikkradet.no/en/

1 THE USE BY EIKA BOLIGKREDITT AS OF ANY MSCI ESG RESEARCH LLC OR ITS AFFILIATES ("MSCI") DATA, AND THE USE OF MSCI LOGOS, TRADEMARKS, SERVICE MARKS OR INDEX NAMES HEREIN, DO NOT CONSTITUTE A SPONSORSHIP, ENDORSEMENT, RECOMMENDATION, OR PROMOTION OF EIKA BOLIGKREDITT AS BY MSCI. MSCI SERVICES AND DATA ARE THE PROPERTY OF MSCI OR ITS INFORMATION PROVIDERS, AND ARE PROVIDED 'AS-IS' AND WITHOUT WARRANTY. MSCI NAMES AND LOGOS ARE TRADEMARKS OR SERVICE MARKS OF MSCI.

2 The Norwegian Sustainability Barometer, a research project at BI Norwegian Business School. More information in Norwegian https://www.bi.no/forskning/norsk-barekraftbarometer/



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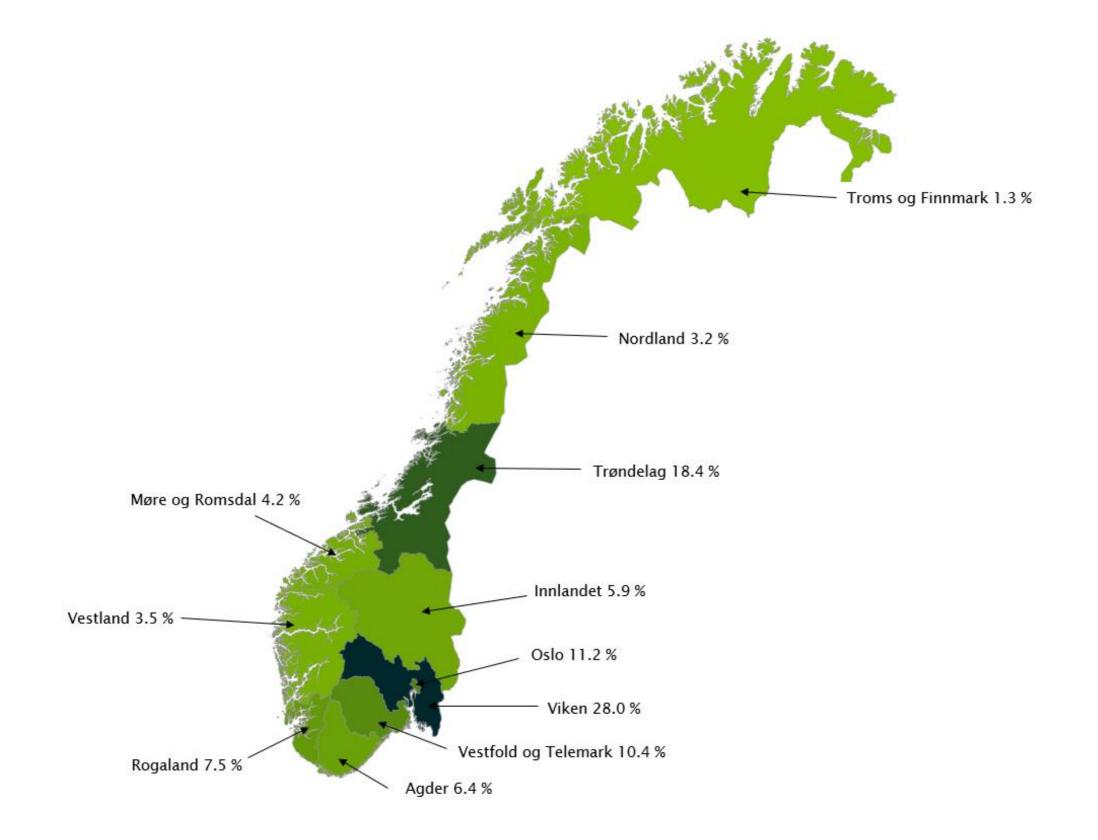


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Mortgage lending - Strong geographical diversification





Liquidity portfolio

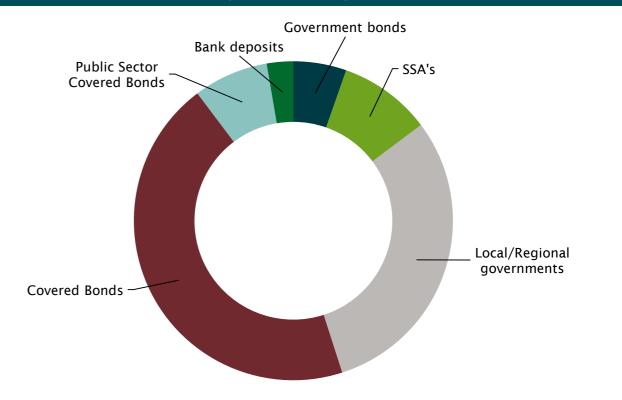
- The substitute assets constitute EIKBOL's liquidity buffer
 - Minimum liquidity > 6% of outstanding covered bonds (hard limit)
 - Minimum liquidity > 100% of next 6 months redemptions (hard limit)
 - Internal target is to have liquid assets covering at least 75% of redemptions within the next 12 months

Sectors and tenors									
Sector	Market values (EUR)	In % of portfolio	TtM						
Government bonds	68,727,544	5 %	0.29						
SSA's	119,866,840	9 %	1.80						
Local/Regional governments	387,100,270	30 %	0.24						
Covered Bonds	571,044,335	44 %	1.65						
Public Sector Covered Bonds	96,971,092	7 %	2.35						
Bank deposits	34,343,348	3 %	0.00						
Total portfolio	1,306,003,941	100 %	1.15						

The Liquidity portfolio conforms to a conservative investment policy

- Nordic and German exposure, only NOK denominated
- Portfolio weighted average time to maturity of maximum 2 years
- An individual investment can have a remaining maturity of max 3.5 years
- Rated AA-/Aa3 or better if the maturity exceeds 100 days, or A-/A3 if the maturity less than 100 days
- Weighted average portfolio interest rate duration of less than 0.3 years, and individual securities less than 1 year

Liquidity portfolio by sectors





Strong incentive structure

With regards to the mortgages in the Eika Boligkreditt cover pool there is a 2 pillar guarantee mechanism; this is to ensure that the originating banks are held responsible for potential losses on mortgages transferred to Eika Boligkreditt

Loss Guarantee

- 80% of any losses, including unpaid interest, on mortgages in EBK's portfolio will be covered by the owner bank
- The guarantee from an owner bank will have a floor of (i) NOK 5 million; or (ii) 100 per cent. of the relevant owner bank's loan portfolio if it is lower than NOK 5 million
- The guarantee from an owner bank is limited to 1% of the owner bank's total portfolio
- 100% of the loan is guaranteed by the bank until the collateral is registered

Set-off rights

- The remaining 20% of the losses will be covered by a counterclaim on all commission receivables due from EBK to each owner bank
- The set-off rights are limited to a period of up to 12 months after such losses are incurred.



LCR Level 1 Eligibility

- All EUR denominated Covered bonds issued by Eika Boligkreditt AS fulfil the requirements to qualify as Level 1 assets pursuant to Commission Delegated Regulation (EU) 2015/61 regarding liquidity coverage requirement for credit institutions ("LCR regulation").
- With reference to Article 10(1)(f) of the LCR-regulation, Eika Boligkreditt AS confirms the following:
 - Covered bonds issued by Eika Boligkreditt AS meet the requirements to be eligible for the treatment set out in Article 129(4) of Regulation (EU) No 575/2013 ("CRR") and the requirements referred to in Article 52(4) of Directive 2009/65/EC, cf. the European Commission's website: http://ec.europa.eu/finance/investment/legal_texts/index_en.htm

- The exposures to institutions in the cover pool meet the conditions laid down in Article 129(1)(c) and in Article 129(1) last subparagraph of CRR
- Eika Boligkreditt AS gives the information required in Article 129(7) of CRR to its investors: http://eikabk.no/investorrelations/coverpool
- Covered bonds issued by Eika Boligkreditt AS are assigned a credit assessment by a nominated ECAI which is at least credit quality step 1 in accordance with Article 129(4) of CRR, and the equivalent credit quality step in the event of short term credit assessment
- Eika Boligkreditt AS' EMTCN Programme requires a level of overcollaterization higher than the 2% needed for LCR level 1 classification



Comparison of legal frameworks for covered bonds

	Norway	Denmark	Swedbank	Germany			
Product name	Norwegian Covered Bonds	Særligt Dækkede Obligationer	Säkerställda Obligationer	Pfandbrief			
Covered bond model	Specialised bank issuance model	Universal bank + specialised bank issuance model	Universal bank issuance model + specialised bank issuance model	Universal bank issuance model			
Eligible cover assets	Public sector, mortgage loans	Public sector, mortgage loans, ship mortgages	Public sector, mortgage loans (commercial max. 10%)	Public sector, mortgage loans, ship + aircraft mortgages			
Maximum LTVs	Residential: 75%, commercial: 60%	Commercial: 60%, agricultural: 60%, ships: 70%, residential: 80%	Commercial: 60%, residential: 75%, agricultural: 70%	Residential, commercial, ship, aircraft: 60%			
Basis for LTV calculation	Market value	Market value	Market value	Mortgage lending value			
If a loan's LTV exceeds the LTV cap after inclusion into the pool, does the part below the limit still remain part of the cover pool?	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes			
Minimum OC	2 %	Universal banks: 0%; Mortgage banks: 8% of RWA	2 %	2 %			
Type of coverage test	NPV	NPV after stress test	Nominal + NPV after stress test	Nominal + NPV after stress test			
Is OC above the minimum protected?	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes			
Legal transparency requirements?	No	Yes	No	Yes			
Is there an issuance limit in place?	No	No	No	No			



Eika Boligkreditt - P&L

Amounts in NOK Million	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020Q1	2020Q2
Total Interest income	2 066	1 861	2 049	2 162	2 624	738	574
Total interest expenses	1 430	1 380	1 366	1 480	1 976	535	421
Net interest income	636	482	683	682	648	203	153
Dividend from shares classified as available for sale	6	6	6	18	19	3	4
Total gains and losses on financial instruments at fair value	203	(81)	(135)	22	(6)	(71)	95
Comission costs	443	300	410	458	490	144	112
Total salaries and administrative expenses	42	39	48	50	51	13	12
Depreciation	2	1	2	2	4	1	1
Other operating expenses	13	14	16	16	15	3	4
Losses on loans and gurantees	-	-	-	-	-	-	
PROFIT/(LOSS) BEFORE TAXES	344	50	78	197	102	(26)	123
Taxes	81	11	18	45	14	(9)	28
PROFIT/(LOSS) FOR THE PERIOD	263	39	60	152	89	(17)	95
Net gains and losses on bonds and certificates	-	-	-	(7)	7	(24)	32
Fair value adjustment, shares	-	-	-	(15)	-	-	-
Net gains and losses on basis swaps	-	-	-	(106)	53	67	5
Taxes on other comprehensive income	-	-	-	28	(15)	(11)	(9)
COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE PERIOD	-	-	-	52	133	15	122

Eika Boligkreditt AS - Report Q2 2020:

Eika Boligkreditt showed a profit of NOK 123 million for second quarter, compared with a profit of NOK 106 million for the same period in 2019. Net gains and losses on basis swaps came to NOK 5 million for the second quarter of 2020 (2019: NOK 91 million), net gains and losses on bonds and certificates came to NOK 32 million and taxes on other comprehensive income came to negative NOK 9 million, so that the comprehensive income for the period including such changes came to a profit of NOK 122 million.



Eika Boligkreditt - Balance sheet and key figures

Amounts in NOK Million	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020Q1	2020Q2
Balance sheet development							_
Lending to customers	64 527	71 509	77 286	82 015	84 719	85 846	87 744
Debt from issuing securities	79 876	86 983	90 030	97 288	94 300	107 805	107 395
Subordinated loans	450	599	600	674	889	724	724
Equity*	4 242	4 3 9 6	4 770	5 290	5 777	5 784	5 795
Equity in % of total assets*	4.72	4.58	4.79	4.90	5.50	4.60	4.70
Average total assets	84 571	92 324	99 466	101 744	107 506	116 060	118 356
Total assets	89 932	96 017	99 603	107 969	105 835	126 285	122 950
Rate of return / profitability							
Fee and commission income to relation to average total assets, annualised (%)	0.50	0.32	0.40	0.40	0.50	0.50	0.40
Staff and general administration expenses in relation to average total assets, annualised (%)	0.10	0.04	0.05	0.03	0.03	0.03	0.03
Return on equity, annualised (%)	10.70	1.37	1.90	4.50	2.20	(1.90)	3.80
Total assets per full-time position	4 542	4 849	5 030	5 453	5 345	6 717	6 210
Finacial strength							
Core tier 1 capital	3 607	3 833	4 156	4 522	5 074	5 066	5 067
Total tier 1 capital	4 055	4 282	4 706	5 227	5 648	5 640	5 641
Total primary capital (tier 2 capital)	4 505	4 882	5 305	5 902	6 372	6 364	6 365
Weighted calculation basis	27 510	29 766	31 468	33 731	34 074	36 421	37 328
Core tier 1 capital ratio	13.10	12.88	13.20	13.40	14.90	13.90	13.60
Total tier 1 capital ratio	14.70	14.39	15.00	15.50	16.60	15.50	15.10
Capital adeqacy ratio	16.40	16.40	16.90	17.50	18.70	17.50	17.10
Delinquinces in % of gross loans	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Loss in % of gross loans	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Staff							
Number of full-time positions at end of period	19.8	19.8	19.8	19.8	19.8	18.8	19.8

*Including AT1 capital

eıka

Eika Boligkreditt -changes in the business model in 2019

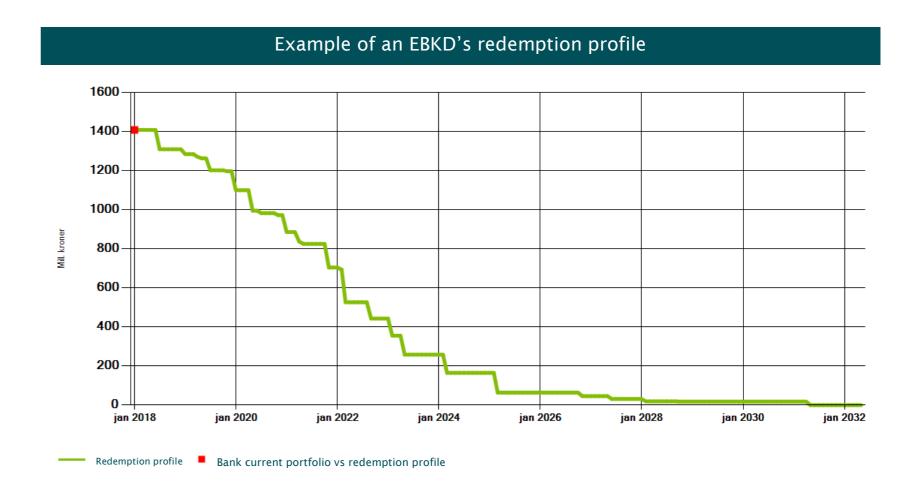
We have changed the following elements in the business model:

- Maximum LTV increased the maximum LTV from 60% to the regulatory maximum of 75%.
 - This involves establishing a revolving credit facility (RCF) between Eika Boligkreditt (borrower) and Eika Banks (lender) financing the parts of mortgages exceeding 75% based on current valuation
 - There is a cap on the size of the RFC. The cap is the split amount of the mortgages exceeding 60% LTV based on the original collateral valuation
 - Eika Boligkreditt have to monitor the development in collateral values in the cover pool and have to set new collateral values triggered by significant decreases in collateral values
 - The changes are regulated in a supplement to the distribution agreement. It is voluntary for each Eika Bank to enter into the supplement enabling the increase in maximum LTV
 - This was approved by the board in Eika Boligkreditt November 7th 2019 and the supplement will be made available for the banks on request from November 2019
- ROE target
 - from 3 month NIBOR + 2.0%-points to 0.0%. 100% per cent of the value creation is paid as commission instead of split between dividend and commission. This was approved by the board in Eika Boligkreditt June 19th 2019 and took effect in the transfer pricing July 1st 2019



Cancellation of distribution agreement

- An EIKBOL Distributor (EBKD) can terminate the distribution agreement with EIKBOL with 3 months notice
- EIKBOL can terminate a distribution agreement with an EBKD with 12 months notice
- In the event a distribution agreement is terminated, obligations continues to apply with regards to the various agreements;
 - At the expiry date for the distribution agreement, the EBKD will no longer have the right to transfer new residential mortgages to EIKBOL
 - The EKBD is required to uphold its mortgage portfolio in line with the redemptions of EIKBOL's funding
 - The EBKD has continued responsibilities for servicing the mortgages in the existing residential mortgage portfolio, including other rights and obligations pursuant to the guarantee, custody, commission and shareholder agreements and the agreement on the purchase of covered bonds





Mergers Eika banks in 2019

Lofoten Sparebank and Harstad Sparebank

- Merged January 1st 2019
- The name of the merged bank is Sparebank 68 grader nord
- Tore Karlsen, CEO in Harstad Sparebank, is CEO in the merged bank
- Total assets, including transferred to Eika Boligkreditt, of NOK 6.4 billion
- Rationales for the merger was to improve competitiveness while still being present in local markets, improve profitability and further enhance ability to contribute to develop their local communities

Indre Sogn, Aurland and Vik Sparebank

- Merged April 1st 2019
- The name for the merged bank is Sogn Sparebank
- Mads Indrehus, former CEO in Vik Sparebank, is CEO in the merged bank and Morten Kristiansen, former chair in the board of Indre Sogn will be chair of the board in the merged bank
- Total assets, including transferred to Eika Boligkreditt, of NOK 7.6 billion
- Rationales for the merger was to improve competitiveness in local markets, expand market reach, improve cost efficacy and attractiveness as an employer and further enhance ability to contribute to develop their local communities

Kvinesdal Sparebank and Flekkefjord Sparebank

April 30th 2019 the boards in the banks announced rting negotiations with the intention to merge the

a member in The Eika Alliance while rebank is a collaborating partner in consisting of 9 saving banks on a fine score.

- Currently no down if the merged bank will join the Eika A.
- The proposed name Sparebank is Lister
- Jan Kåre Eie, CEO in Flekken, proposed as CEO in the merged Sparebank will propose the chair in merged bank
- Total assets, including transferred to Eika as Boligkreditt, of NOK 11.6 billion
- Rationales for considering to merge are to improve competitiveness in local markets, expand market reach, improved profitability and attractiveness as an employer and further enhance ability to contribute to develop their local communities



Mergers Eika banks in 2020

Stadsbygd Sparebank and Ørland Sparebank

- June 18th 2019 the boards in the banks announced starting negotiations with the intention to merge the banks
- February 24th 2020 the boards in the banks approved

- 24th the boards announced put on hold due to uncertainty by ation

 announced put of its agreements with Eika riod ends December 31st

 into Ørland to uncertainty by the continuing of its agreements with Eika riod ends December 31st

 into Ørland to uncertainty by the continuing temporary on hold due to uncertainty
 - Total assets, including transferred to En. Boligkreditt, of NOK 8.7 billion
 - Rationales for considering to merge are to improve competitiveness in local markets, improved profitability and attractiveness as an employer and further enhance ability to contribute to develop their local communities

Sparebank 68° Nord and Ofoten Sparebank

- Merged July 1st 2020
- The name for the merged bank is Sparebank 68° Nord The name for the merged bank is Skue Sparebank
- Both banks are among the 11 banks that have given notice of termination of its agreements with Eika
- Tor-Andrè Grenersen, CEO in Ofoten Sparebank, is CEO in the merged bank
- Total assets, including transferred to Eika Boligkreditt, of NOK 10.6 billion
- Rationales for the merger was to improve competitiveness in local markets, improve profitability and further enhance ability to contribute to develop their local communities

Hønefoss and Skue Sparebank

- Merged August 3rd 2020
- Hans Kristian Glesne, CEO in Skue Sparebank, is CEO in the merged bank and George H.Fulford, chair in the board of Skue Sparebank is chair of the board in the merged bank
- Total assets, including transferred to Eika Boligkreditt, of NOK 16 billion
- The 4th largest bank in the Eika Alliance
- Rationales for the merger was to improve competitiveness in local markets, improve profitability and further enhance ability to contribute to develop their local communities



Mergers Eika banks in 2020

Surnadal Sparebank and Sparebank1 Nordvest

- August 28th 2020 the boards in the banks announced starting negotiations with the intention to merge the banks
- Surnadal is a member in The Eika Alliance while Sparebank1 Nordvest is a member of the Sparebank1 Alliance.
- Both banks are located on the northern part of the west coast of Norway
- The merged bank will be part of the Sparebank1 Alliance
- The proposed name for the merged bank is Sparebank1 Nordmøre
- Allan Troelsen, CEO in Surnadal Sparebank, is proposed as CEO in the merged bank and Runar Wiik, chair in Sparebank1 Nordvest, is proposed as chair in the board of the merged bank
- Total assets, including transferred to Eika and Sparebank1 Boligkreditt, of NOK 30 billion
- Rationales for considering to merge are to improve competitiveness in local markets, expand market reach, improved profitability and attractiveness as an employer and further enhance ability to contribute to develop their local communities



P&L Eika banks - Strong income growth and low loan losses

P&L & balance in NOK mil.	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019
Net interest income	3 512	3 631	3 777	3 949	4 163	4 275	4 556	4 955	5 151	5 827
Net commission income	662	734	863	1 142	1 320	1 260	1 195	1 359	1 418	1 576
Other income	43	44	40	39	39	37	38	35	33	27
Total income	4 217	4 409	4 681	5 130	5 523	5 572	5 789	6 349	6 601	7 430
Personnel and adm. expenses	2 061	2 134	2 243	2 344	2 491	2 669	2 780	2 913	2 912	3 026
Depreciation	123	98	95	100	110	117	131	139	139	153
Other costs	469	495	515	578	605	665	687	705	727	772
Total costs	2 653	2 726	2 852	3 023	3 206	3 451	3 598	3 756	3 778	3 951
Core earnings before loan losses	1 564	1 683	1 828	2 108	2 317	2 121	2 191	2 592	2 824	3 479
Impairment of loans and guarantees	404	458	329	389	315	237	233	197	178	169
Core earnings	1 160	1 225	1 499	1 719	2 002	1 884	1 957	2 395	2 645	3 310
Dividends/associated companies	177	189	89	257	238	348	397	421	422	577
Net return on financial investments	218	-78	217	228	132	-189	182	147	44	85
One-offs and loss/gain on long-term assets	376	-69	150	-61	181	217	314	-12	167	-4
Pre tax profit	1 931	1 267	1 955	2 142	2 553	2 260	2 851	2 951	3 278	3 968
Taxes	501	412	542	583	623	553	579	669	710	872
Net profit	1 430	855	1 413	1 559	1 930	1 707	2 271	2 282	2 569	3 095
Gross loans	157 375	159 645	166 255	173 617	182 081	193 576	214 360	228 738	243 903	260 556
Gross loans incl. EBK	182 382	193 092	208 764	225 292	238 296	253 212	280 620	302 214	323 779	344 737
Deposits	120 419	128 567	137 142	144 975	156 594	164 697	178 098	187 805	198 358	211 338
Equity	16 748	17 525	18 833	20 422	22 268	23 624	26 240	28 865	31 608	34 949
Total assets	190 813	196 623	200 895	210 302	224 157	231 814	254 313	273 190	291 614	312 675
Total assets incl. EBK	215 820	230 070	243 403	261 977	280 371	291 450	320 573	346 666	371 491	396 856
Growth in loans	4,1 %	1,4 %	4,1 %	4,4 %	4,9 %	6,3 %	10,7 %	6,7 %	6,6 %	6,8 %
Growth in loans incl. EBK	7,3 %	5,9 %	8,1 %	7,9 %	5,8 %	6,3 %	10,8 %	7,7 %	7,1 %	6,5 %
Growth in deposits	7,5 %	6,8 %	6,7 %	5,7 %	8,0 %	5,2 %	8,1 %	5,5 %	5,6 %	6,5 %



Eika banks - Key figures

Key figures	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019
Deposit ratio	76,5 %	80,5 %	82,5 %	83,5 %	86,0 %	85,1 %	83,1 %	82,1 %	81,3 %	81,1 %
Deposit over total funding	69,9 %	72,6 %	76,1 %	77,2 %	78,4 %	79,9 %	78,9 %	77,6 %	77,0 %	76,8 %
(Market funding - Liquid assets)/Total assets	11,6 %	7,8 %	6,3 %	5,4 %	3,1 %	4,2 %	5,9 %	6,3 %	6,8 %	6,8 %
Liquid assets/Total assets	15,5 %	16,9 %	15,1 %	15,0 %	16,2 %	13,7 %	12,9 %	13,5 %	13,5 %	13,6 %
Market funds/Total assets	27,1 %	24,7 %	21,4 %	20,4 %	19,3 %	17,8 %	18,8 %	19,8 %	20,3 %	20,4 %
Equity ratio	8,8 %	8,9 %	9,4 %	9,7 %	9,9 %	10,2 %	10,3 %	10,6 %	10,8 %	11,2 %
Common Equity Tier 1 ratio (CET1)	15,0 %	15,2 %	15,8 %	16,0 %	16,9 %	17,5 %	17,8 %	18,0 %	18,2 %	19,6 %
Core capital ratio	17,0 %	17,3 %	18,1 %	18,5 %	18,3 %	18,5 %	18,9 %	19,3 %	19,6 %	21,0 %
Capital ratio	18,2 %	18,2 %	18,6 %	18,7 %	18,9 %	19,2 %	20,0 %	20,7 %	21,4 %	22,9 %
Loan loss provision ratio	0,26 %	0,29 %	0,20 %	0,23 %	0,18 %	0,13 %	0,11 %	0,09 %	0,08 %	0,07 %
Loan loss provision/Pre-provision income	20,6 %	25,5 %	15,4 %	15,0 %	11,7 %	10,4 %	8,4 %	6,2 %	5,4 %	4,1 %
Gross problem loans/Gross loans	1,83 %	1,89 %	1,78 %	1,62 %	1,53 %	1,38 %	1,12 %	0,96 %	0,97 %	1,28 %
Net problem loans/Gross loans	1,34 %	1,38 %	1,32 %	1,20 %	1,13 %	1,01 %	0,84 %	0,72 %	0,75 %	1,02 %
Loan loss reserves/Gross loans	0,88 %	0,92 %	0,88 %	0,82 %	0,79 %	0,73 %	0,64 %	0,59 %	0,54 %	0,52 %
Problem loans/(Equity + LLR)	15,9 %	15,9 %	14,6 %	12,9 %	11,8 %	10,7 %	8,7 %	7,3 %	7,2 %	9,2 %
Net interest income/total assets	1,87 %	1,87 %	1,90 %	1,92 %	1,92 %	1,88 %	1,87 %	1,88 %	1,82 %	1,93 %
Net commission incom/total assets	0,35 %	0,38 %	0,43 %	0,56 %	0,61 %	0,55 %	0,49 %	0,52 %	0,50 %	0,52 %
Loss provision ratio	0,26 %	0,29 %	0,20 %	0,23 %	0,18 %	0,13 %	0,11 %	0,09 %	0,08 %	0,07 %
Cost/income ratio	57,5 %	60,3 %	57,2 %	53,8 %	54,4 %	60,2 %	56,5 %	54,3 %	53,5 %	48,8 %
Cost/income ratio (adjusted for net finance)	60,4 %	59,3 %	59,8 %	56,1 %	55,6 %	58,3 %	58,2 %	55,5 %	53,8 %	49,3 %
Cost/income ratio (adj. for net finance and dividend	62,9 %	61,8 %	60,9 %	58,9 %	58,0 %	61,9 %	62,2 %	59,2 %	57,2 %	53,2 %
Net profit in % of total assets	0,76 %	0,44 %	0,71 %	0,76 %	0,89 %	0,75 %	0,93 %	0,87 %	0,91 %	1,02 %
Net profit/average RWA	1,38 %	0,80 %	1,29 %	1,37 %	1,61 %	1,37 %	1,74 %	1,63 %	1,72 %	2,00 %
Pre-provision income/average RWA	1,89 %	1,68 %	1,94 %	2,28 %	2,25 %	1,83 %	2,12 %	2,25 %	2,21 %	2,68 %
Core earnings in % of average RWA	1,12 %	1,14 %	1,36 %	1,51 %	1,67 %	1,52 %	1,50 %	1,71 %	1,77 %	2,14 %
Return on equity	8,9 %	5,0 %	7,8 %	7,9 %	9,0 %	7,4 %	9,1 %	8,3 %	8,5 %	9,3 %



Quarterly data - P&L and Key figures

P&L & balance in NOK mil.	1Q18	2Q18	3Q18	4Q18	1Q19	2Q19	3Q19	4Q19	1Q20
Net interest income	1 235	1 256	1 301	1 359	1 321	1 405	1 516	1 584	1 547
Net commission income	355	362	349	352		363	420		409
Other income	333 7	10		9	340 7	505	420		8
Total income	1 597	1 628		1 720		1 774	1 942	2 045	1 964
Personnel and adm. expenses	736	664	738	773	765	658	767	835	555
Depreciation	35	35	32	36		37	38	41	38
Other costs	190	174		187	188	201	182	201	461
Total costs	962	873	947	997	990	896	987	1 077	1 054
Core earnings before loan losses	635	755	709	724	678	878	955	968	910
Impairment of loans and guarantees	26	38	23	91	23	16	21	109	305
Core earnings	609	717	686			862	935	859	605
Dividends/associated companies	24	373	12	13	26	499	7	45	17
Net return on financial investments	10	31	17	-15	35	21	19	10	-274
One-offs and loss/gain on long-term assets	3	44	30	89	0	9	-3	-11	-4
Pre tax profit	646	1 165	745	721	716	1 391	958	903	344
Taxes	163	212	185	150	180	246	234	212	96
Net profit	483	953	561	571	536	1 145	723	690	248
Gross loans	230 308	236 454	240 666	243 903	246 930	253 514	257 299	260 556	262 776
Gross loans incl. EBK	305 673	313 395	318 474	323 779	327 672	335 645	340 570	344 737	348 476
Deposits	190 313	199 511	196 904	198 358	202 039	211 800	210 493	211 338	216 196
Equity	29 359	30 406	31 041	31 608	32 005	33 368	34 162	34 949	37 006
Total assets	276 442	289 333	289 328	291 614	296 779	310 486	311 973	312 675	322 778
Total assets incl. EBK	351 807	366 275	367 136	371 491	377 521	392 616	395 244	396 856	408 478
Growth in loans	0,7 %	2,7 %	1,8 %	1,3 %	1,2 %	2,7 %	1,5 %	1,3 %	0,9 %
Growth in loans incl. EBK	1,1 %	2,5 %	1,6 %	1,7 %	1,2 %	2,4 %	1,5 %	1,2 %	1,1 %
Growth in deposits	1,3 %	4,8 %	-1,3 %	0,7 %	1,9 %	4,8 %	-0,6 %	0,4 %	2,3 %

Key figures	1Q18	2018	3Q18	4018	1019	2Q19	3 Q 19	4019	1Q20
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Deposit ratio	82,6 %	84,4 %	81,8 %	81,3 %	81,8 %	83,5 %	81,8 %	81,1 %	82,3 %
Deposit over total funding	77,8 %	78,1 %	77,2 %	77,0 %	77,1 %	77,2 %	76,8 %	77,2 %	n/a
(Market funding - Liquid assets)/Total assets	5,8 %	4,0 %	5,9 %	6,8 %	6,3 %	4,6 %	5,7 %	6,8 %	n/a
Liquid assets/Total assets	13,9 %	15,4 %	14,2 %	13,5 %	14,0 %	15,5 %	14,7 %	13,6 %	n/a
Market funds/Total assets	19,7 %	19,4 %	20,1 %	20,3 %	20,3 %	20,1 %	20,4 %	20,0 %	n/a
Equity ratio	10,6 %	10,5 %	10,7 %	10,8 %	10,8 %	10,7 %	11,0 %	11,2 %	11,5 %
Common Equity Tier 1 ratio (CET1)	17,5 %	17,2 %	17,1 %	18,2 %	17,8 %	17,4 %	17,4 %	19,6 %	19,4 %
Core capital ratio	19,0 %	18,7 %	18,5 %	19,6 %	19,1 %	18,8 %	18,7 %	21,0 %	20,7 %
Capital ratio	20,7 %	20,4 %	20,3 %	21,4 %	20,9 %	20,6 %	20,6 %	22,9 %	22,5 %
Loan loss provision ratio	0,05 %	0,06 %	0,04 %	0,15 %	0,04 %	0,02 %	0,03 %	0,17 %	0,47 %
Loan loss provision/Pre-provision income	3,9 %	3,2 %	3,1 %	12,6 %	3,1 %	1,1 %	2,1 %	10,7 %	46,7 %
Gross problem loans/Gross loans	1,08 %	1,03 %	1,05 %	0,97 %	1,01 %	1,13 %	1,16 %	1,28 %	1,38 %
Net problem loans/Gross loans	0,83 %	0,80 %	0,83 %	0,75 %	0,79 %	0,93 %	0,95 %	1,02 %	1,11 %
Loan loss reserves/Gross loans	0,57 %	0,55 %	0,53 %	0,54 %	0,54 %	0,51 %	0,51 %	0,52 %	0,58 %
Problem loans/(Equity + LLR)	8,1 %	7,7 %	7,8 %	7,2 %	7,5 %	8,3 %	8,4 %	9,2 %	9,4 %
Net interest income/total assets	1,80 %	1,78 %	1,80 %	1,87 %	1,80 %	1,85 %	1,95 %	2,03 %	1,95 %
Net commission incom/total assets	0,52 %	0,51 %	0,48 %	0,49 %	0,46 %	0,48 %	0,54 %	0,58 %	0,51 %
Loss provision ratio	0,05 %	0,06 %	0,04 %	0,15 %	0,04 %	0,02 %	0,03 %	0,17 %	0,47 %
Cost/income ratio	59,0 %	43,0 %	56,2 %	58,0 %	57,3 %	39,1 %	50,1 %	51,3 %	61,7 %
Cost/income ratio (adjusted for net finance)	59,3 %	43,6 %	56,8 %	57,5 %	58,5 %	39,4 %	50,6 %	51,6 %	53,2 %
Cost/income ratio (adj. for net finance and divid	60,2 %	53,6 %	57,2 %	57,9 %	59,4 %	50,5 %	50,8 %	52,7 %	53,7 %
Net profit in % of total assets	0,70 %	1,35 %	0,78 %	0,79 %	0,73 %	1,51 %	0,93 %	0,88 %	0,31 %
Net profit/average RWA	1,33 %	2,57 %	1,48 %	1,50 %	1,39 %	2,89 %	1,79 %	1,74 %	0,63 %
Pre-provision income/average RWA	1,84 %	3,12 %	1,96 %	1,90 %	1,91 %	3,53 %	2,43 %	2,57 %	1,65 %
Core earnings in % of average RWA	1,66 %	1,90 %	1,82 %	1,65 %	1,68 %	2,13 %	2,31 %	2,20 %	1,51 %
Return on equity	6,6 %	12,8 %	7,3 %	7,3 %	6,7 %	14,0 %	8,6 %	8,0 %	2,8 %

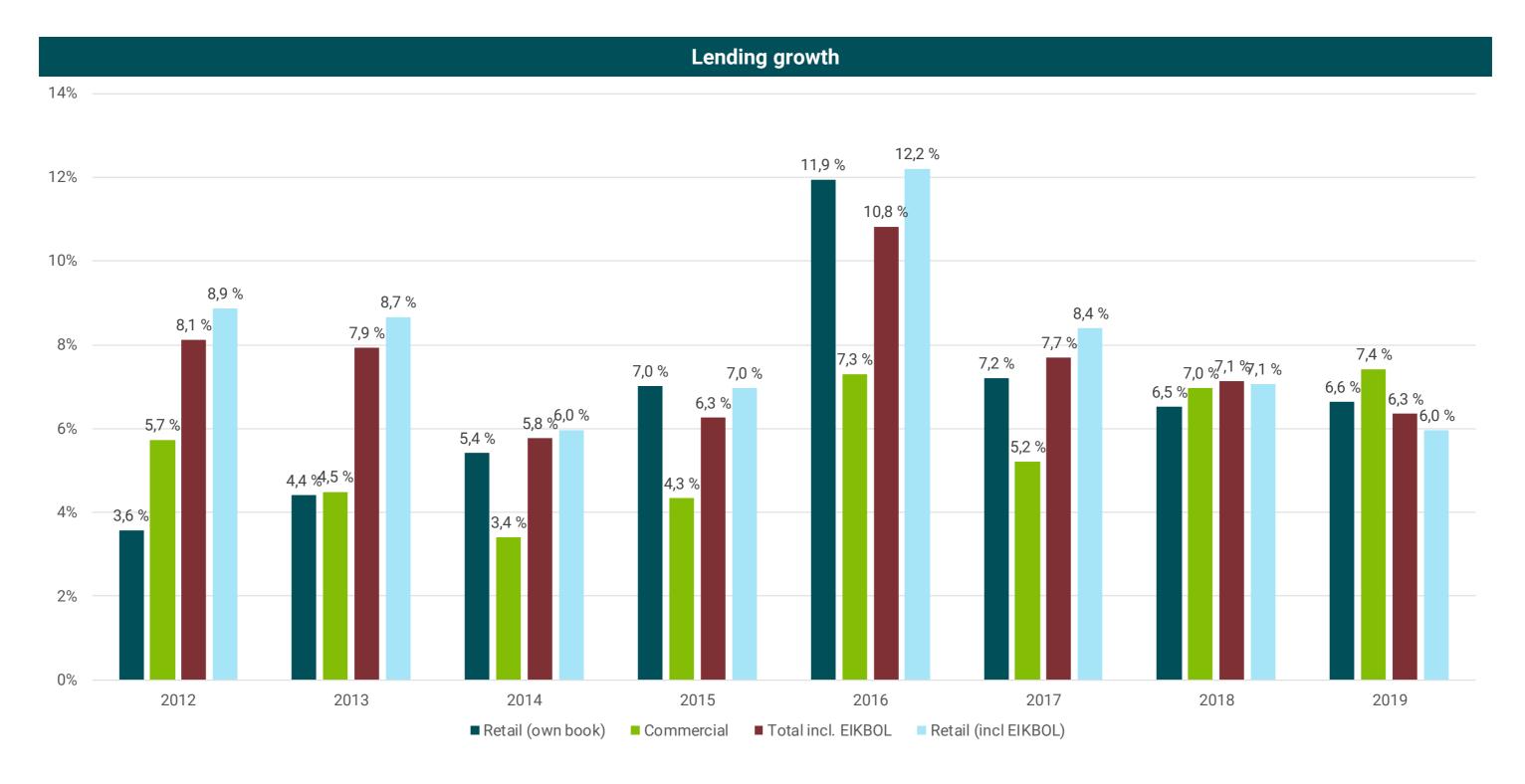


Banks - transfer rate to Cov. Bond companies





Eika banks - lending growth





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