Investor presentation

November 2020



Executive summary

The economy

- GDP-growth expected -3.2% in 2020, but rebound in 2021
- Corona related measures will weaken budget by NOK 245 billion (7% of GDP) in 2020 financed by increased transfers from Pension Fund Global
- Unemployment rate 4.3% in august 2020 falling to 4.1 % in 2023
- Balanced housing market, house prices +2.0% post COVID-19
- Lower oil prices will cause lower petroleum investments (-3% in 2020 and -10% in 2021)

Robust, local saving banks

- 3rd largest Norwegian banking group
- Focus on retail lending
- High asset quality with low levels of doubtful & non-performing loans, low LTV and no direct exposure to oil/offshore
- Strong and diversified deposit base
- Strong capitalization and high level of liquidity buffers
- Strong position in the local markets

Conservative cover pool

- Maximum 75% LTV for mortgages at origination and strict underwriting criteria
- No arrears or losses since inception
- Prudent risk management with regards to refinancing, liquidity, currency, interest rate and counterparty risk
- Credit guarantees from the distributors and capital and liquidity support agreements with the owners



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The Norwegian economy Eika Alliance Eika Boligkreditt ESG in Eika Appendix Disclaimer



COVID-19 situation – Norway's government increases spending

Table 1. Estimated changes in non-oil Fiscal Budget deficit for 2020 as a result of economic measures and changed outlook for the economy. Billion NOK.

	September	Мау	CI
Measures for businesses	66.1	98.2	
Mitigating income loss for businesses	34.8	44.1	
Compensation (cash pay-out) to enterprises with severe income loss	7	30	
Aviation sector, including loss provision to guarantee scheme	14.3	14.1	
Loss provisioning, government guarantees for bank loans to business	10	10	
Extension of income protection schemes (in isolation)	16.5	27.3	
Other compensation schemes	11.1	7.2	
Strengthening of critical infrastructure sectors	25.4	23.3	
Other measures	7.2	6.1	
SUM discretionary measures	126.3	162.1	

Change
-32.1
- 9.3
-23
0.2
0
-10.8
3.9
2.1
2.1 1.1



The Norwegian economy – Key indicators

- Constitutional monarchy; Non EU member (EEA member); Population of 5.3 million
- Aaa / AAA / AAA rated country (all with stable outlook)
- GDP per capita amongst the highest in the OECD countries estimated to be 48% higher than the average in EU (28 countries)

reduced export.

• Rebound in GDP expected in 2021 with growth of 3.6% driven by a reversal of negative development in private consumption and export in 2020.

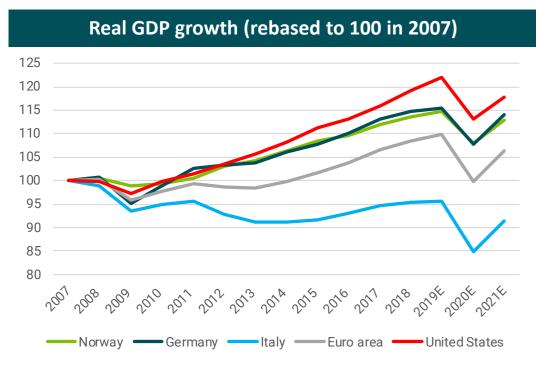
	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020E	2021E	2022E	2023E
GDP growth (Mainland)	2.2 %	1.4 %	0.9 %	2.0 %	2.2 %	2.3 %	-3.2 %	3.6 %	2.9 %	2.7 %
Consumer price inflation	2.0 %	2.1 %	3.6 %	1.8 %	2.7 %	2.2 %	1.5 %	2.9 %	2.1 %	2.3 %
Unemployment	3.6 %	4.5 %	4.7 %	4.2 %	3.8 %	3.7 %	4.9 %	4.5 %	4.3 %	4.1 %
Private Consumption	2.1 %	2.7 %	1.1 %	2.2 %	1.9 %	1.7 %	-7.2 %	7.9 %	4.7 %	3.5 %
Household savings rate	7.7 %	9.8 %	6.9 %	6.6 %	5.9 %	8.0 %	15.1 %	9.7 %	7.4 %	6.6 %
Houseprices	2.7 %	6.1 %	7.0 %	5.0 %	1.4 %	2.5 %	3.2 %	3.9 %	2.7 %	3.1 %
Mortgage rate (flexi loans)	3.9 %	3.2 %	2.6 %	2.6 %	2.7 %	3.0 %	2.5 %	1.9 %	2.2 %	2.5 %
Government net lending as % of GDP	8.6 %	6.0 %	4.1 %	5.0 %	7.8 %	6.4 %	-1.4 %	1.4 %	n/a	n/a
Government pension fund / GDP	204 %	239 %	241 %	257 %	233 %	265 %	284 %	288 %	294 %	301 %

Source: Statistics Norway - Konjukturtendensen 3/2020, OECD - Economic Outlook No. 107 single-hit scenario (database), June 2020 and Norges Bank

•GDP growth expected to fall by 3.2 % in 2020 driven by reduced private consumption, reduced investments and

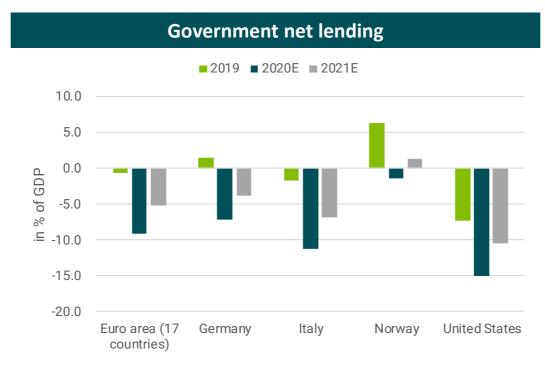


The Norwegian economy – Solid economic situation



Source: OECD Economic Outlook No. 107 single-hit scenario (database), June 2020

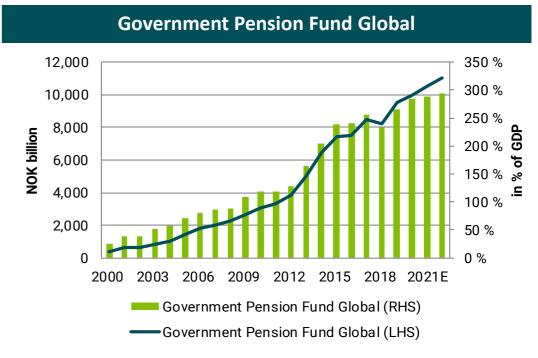
- Economic growth at an annual average of 1.9% for Norwegian mainland GDP last 10 years, but -2.2% in Q1 and "all time low" of -6.3% in Q2 2020
- Strong current account surplus averaging 8.5% of GDP since 2010



Source: OECD Economic Outlook No. 107 single-hit scenario (database), June 2020

• Significant government net lending (6.4% of GDP in 2019, but OECD expect marginally negative in 2020) and the Government Pension Fund more than twice the size of GDP



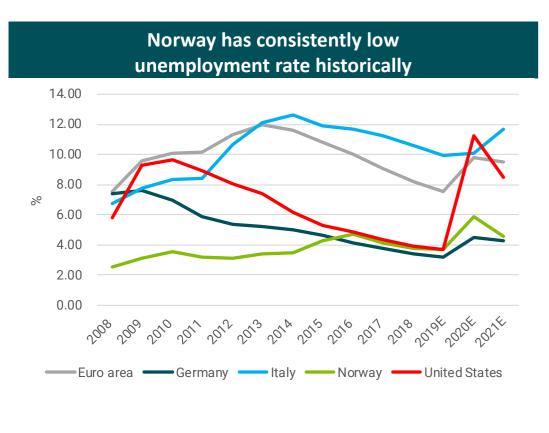


Source : Norges Bank, Statistics Norway

- Norway has a strong balance sheet
- High net central government financial assets (280% of GDP in 2018)

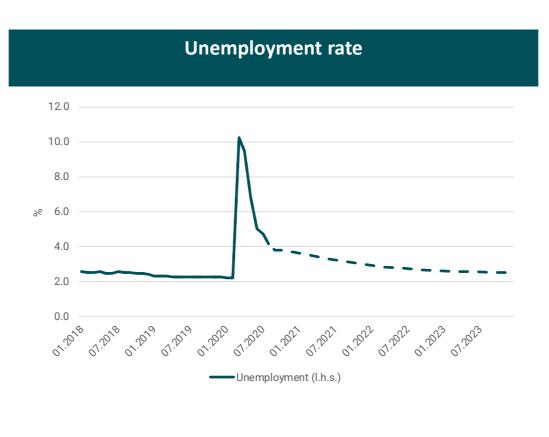


The Norwegian economy – Unemployment



Source: OECD Economic Outlook No. 107 single-hit scenario (database), June 2020

- A stable economy has ensured a high rate of employment historically
- After the COVID-19 outbreak unemployment has increased dramatically due to temporary lay-offs, but labour market have improved since primo April



Source: NAV and Norges Bank, MPR September 2020

- Significant growth in employment since 2016 until COVID-19
- 3.5% unemployment rate in October up from 2.3% before COVID-19 measures implemented, but down from local high of 10.4% March 24th

Registered unemp		nt in % o ofession		force a	nd # by
Profesions	#	% of labour force	Change # YoY	Change in % YoY	% of labour force last year
All	99,412	3.5	39,863	67	2.1
Managers	4,372	4.5	2,380	119	2.2
Engineers & IT	5,419	1.9	2,369	78	1.1
Teaching	2,350	1.1	706	43	0.8
Academical profesions	1,613	1.2	570	55	0.8
Health and care services	5,212	1.2	960	23	1.0
Child and youth work	3,636	3.3	600	20	2.9
Brokers & consultants	3,157	2.1	1,212	62	1.3
Office workers	8,732	4.8	3,657	72	3.0
Store and sales work	11,397	4.2	3,807	50	2.8
Agriculture, forestry and fishery	1,311	2.4	246	23	1.9
Construction & building	9,002	4.1	3,474	63	2.6
Industrial work	8,863	4.7	3,449	64	2.8
Tourism & transportation	14,337	7.8	8,711	155	3.1

Source: NAV, October 2020

4.3

n/a

4,428

3.294

70

55

2.5

n/a

10,714

9,297

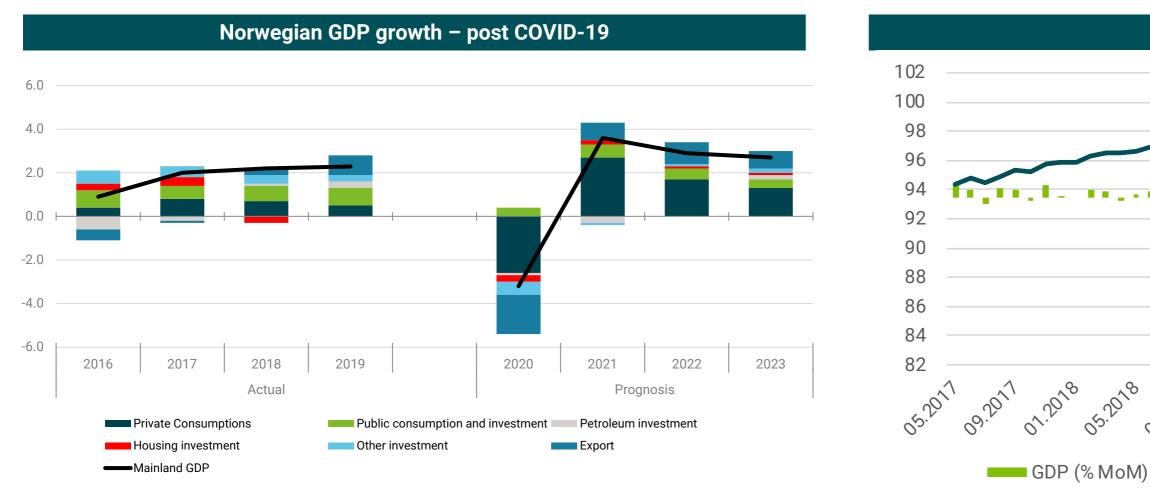
Services & other employment

No profession or unknown

 A strong welfare system provides significant income protection: unemployment benefit is 62.4% of salary (capped at NOK 599,148) for a minimum of 104 weeks. COVID-19 related measure is to increase benefit to 80% of first NOK 300,000



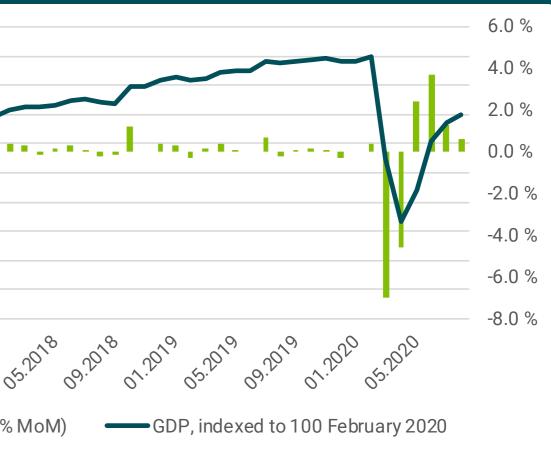
The Norwegian economy – post COVID-19 outbreak



Source: Statistics Norway, Konjunkturtendensene 3/2020

- GDP growth expected to fall by 3.2 % in 2020 driven by reduced private consumption, reduced investments and reduced export.
- Rebound in GDP expected in 2021 with growth of 3.6% driven by a reversal of negative development in private consumption and export in 2020.
- +1.1% and +0.6%)

Mainland GDP- MoM



Source: Statistics Norway, August 2020

The Norwegian economy contracted in March (MoM -5.7%) and April (MoM -3.9%), but have showed a strong rebound in May- August (+2.0%, +3.1%,



The housing market characteristics in Norway

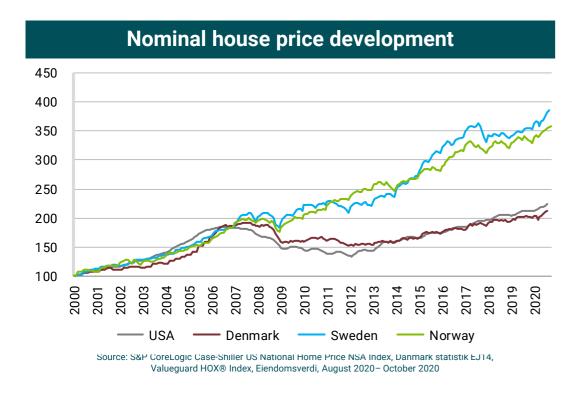
Home ownership	 Among the highest in the world – 76.8% are owner-occupied households Total size of the mortgage market NOK 2,851 bn (EUR 288 bn) 	Personal liability
MoF lending regulation*	 Mortgages maximum LTV 85% (60% for secondary homes in Oslo) Mortgages with an LTV > 60% are required to be amortizing Debt service ability is stress tested for a 5% - point increase in interest rates Total debt over gross income less than 5 Flexibility quota per quarter 10% (8% in Oslo) 	Mortgage lending
Tax incentives	 All interest expenses are tax deductible in Norway at capital gains tax rate (22%) Preferential treatment of properties when calculating the wealth tax (0.85%) Capital gain on a dwelling tax-free after one year of occupancy by the owner 	

* November 15th 2019 the Ministry of Finance decided to continue the current mortgage regulation expired 31 December 2019. Renewed regulation expires December 31st 2020. Due to Covid 19 the flexibility quota was increased to 20 percent on March 23rd for Q2 and June 11th the increased flexibility quota of 20 percent was extended for Q3, but will not be extended for Q4

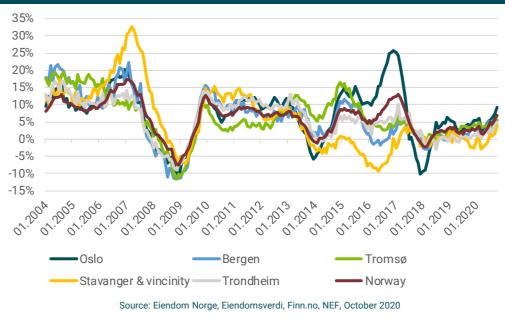
- Borrowers **personally liable** for their debt also • following foreclosures and forced sales
- Prompt and efficient foreclosure process upon non-payment
- Strong incentives to service debt reflected in low • arrears
- Transparent and reliable information about ٠ borrowers available to the lenders
- Typical legal maturity 25-30 years, on average 22-• 23 years
- 93.3% of residential mortgages have variable • interest rate (Q3 2019)
- Lenders allowed to **adjust interest** rates with a six ٠ week notice
- No "sub-prime" market in Norway ٠
- Very limited **buy-to-let market** ٠



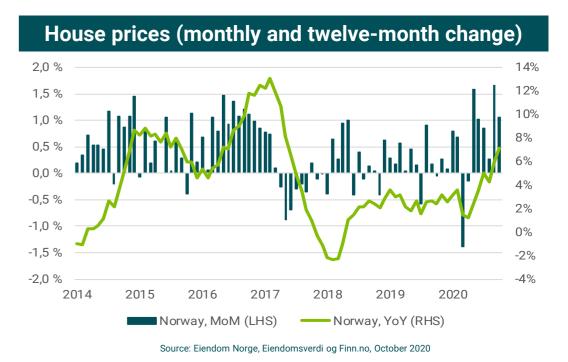
The housing market – Price development



House prices larger cities (twelve-month change)



- Nominal house prices have increased by an average of 6.3% per annum since 2000
- The Norwegian housing market have stabilized in 2018 and 2019 after volatile price development in 2016 and 2017. +9.4% YtD 2020, +5.3% post COVID-19
- House prices was expected to show some correction after COVID-19 in 2020 and 2021, but to pick up again from 2022. The housing market had outperformed expectations post COVID-19
- Small risk for a sudden and significant downward correction in house prices going forward



- Median house price (last 6 months) in Norway is € 285 000, median house price in Oslo is € 372 000
- Average m² price last 6 months in Norway is € 3 788, m² price in Oslo is € 6 568

eika.

The housing market – Drivers of the housing market



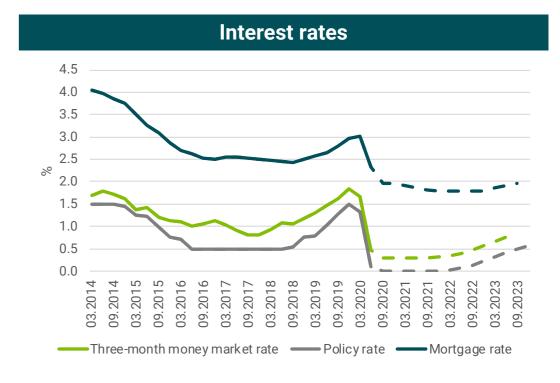
Population growth 50 5,6 5,4 **uoilli** Thousand 40 5,2 30 5,0 20 4,8 4,6 10 4,4 0 P2020^{4,2} 2000 2003 2006 2009 2012 2015 2018 1997 -10 4.0 Population (RHS) Excess births —Net immigration

Source: Statistics Norway, July 2020

• Housing investments and new home construction are expected to remain at current levels going forward after a moderate growth last two years



- Net immigration down from above 47,000 in 2011/12 to 25,000 in 2019 and -1,828 in Q2 2020. Net immigration in Q2 2020 was the first negative quarter since interception of this statistic series in Q4 1997
- The population growth of 0.9% p.a. since 1997 has been driven both by excess birth rate (39%) and net immigration (61%)

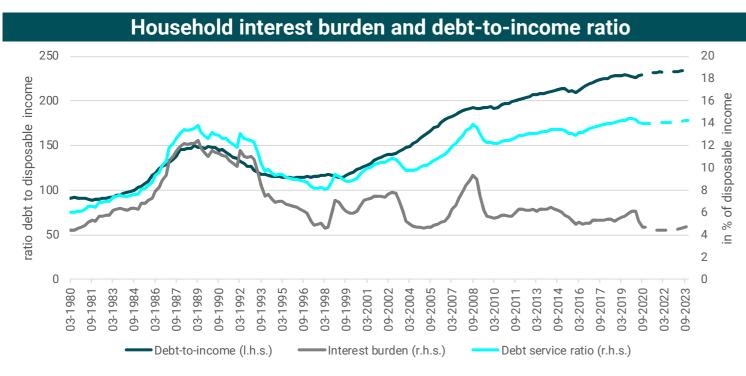


Source: Norges Bank, MPR September 2020

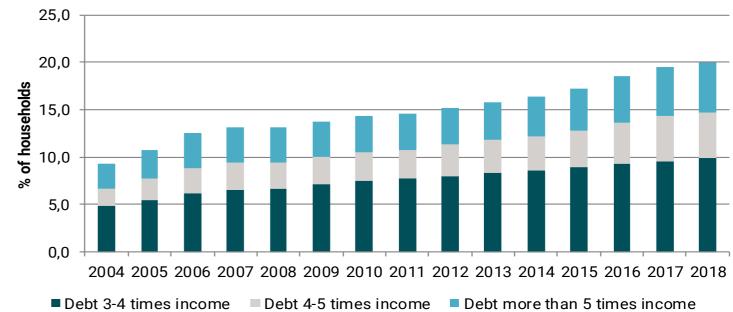
 Average variable mortgage rates was 1,88% in September. Development going forward will depend on the developments in the level in money market rates and funding costs and the competition between banks

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The Norwegian economy Households financial position

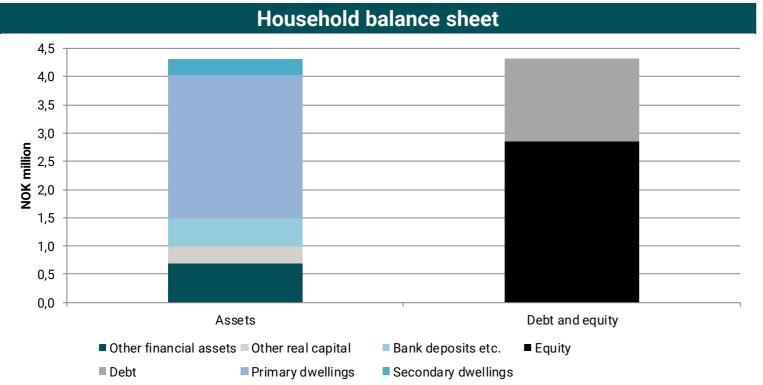




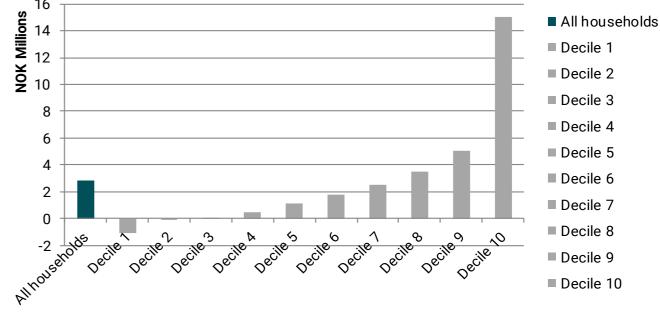


Source: Statistics Norway, Updated 2018

Source: Statistics Norway and Norges Bank, Q2 2020



16 14 12 10 8 6



Source: Statistics Norway, Updated 2018

Norwegian households with debt > 3 X total household income (in %)

Norwegian households net wealth (in NOK)



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Eika Alliance 3rd largest Norwegian banking system

- The Eika Alliance consist of a group of 63 Norwegian local banks¹, Eika Gruppen and Eika Boligkreditt
 - Total assets EUR 40 bn
 - 850,000 customers
 - 2,170 employees
 - 211 branch offices
- The banks have a wide geographical reach (presence in 10 out of 11 counties) with a strong position in the vibrant economic centres in Central and Eastern Norway

Local banks with a unique market position

- The Eika banks ranks high on client experience
- Local based knowledge and credit committee decisions
- Perceived to care about their clients

Market share in lending to retail customers

• Up to 80% in local markets

•

- (except the largest cities)
- 10.6 % market share retail lending in Norway

¹ 10 banks have given notice of termination of its agreements with Eika Gruppen. These banks in total own 12.1% of the shares in Eika Gruppen. The 10 alliance banks will leave the alliance when their agreements terminate on 31 December 2021. These banks have transferred 15.8% of the portfolio in Eika Boligkreditt. Eika Boligkreditt have given notice of termination of distribution agreement with effect from January 1st 2022. Se appendix for a description of the effect of cancellation of the distribution agreement.







Bank2 and Sandnes sparebank are only shareholders in Eika Gruppen AS. OBOS is only shareholder in Eika Boligkreditt AS. OBOS is the largest Nordic Cooperative Housing Association, established in 1929 and is owned by 454,000 members, mostly located in the Oslo-area. More information about OBOS can be found on <u>www.obos.no</u> * The 10 banks that have given notice of termination to Eika Gruppen



Eika Alliance

Achieving economies of scale, while being local

Eika banks

The saving banks are independent banks with very strong local focus, and operate solely in the local markets where they have been active for almost 200 years

Eika Gruppen .

- The smaller Norwegian Savings banks established the Eika Alliance in 1997.
- Efficiency in banking operations and IT infrastructure
- Realize the economics of scale
- Jointly owned product companies (insurance, mutual funds etc)
- Shared resources to handle regulatory changes

Eika Boligkreditt Ш.

Provider of covered bond funding

- Work as if one integrated entity •
- **Operational integration**
- companies

Hybrid and sub.ord 1.2 %

Credit inst. and CB 1.8 %

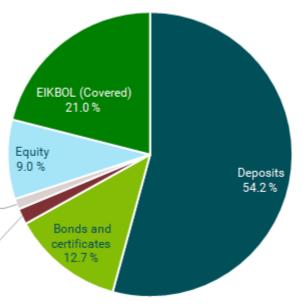
Source: Bank analyst Eika as of Q2 2020

Efficiency

Offer non-core banking products through jointly owned product



Total funding sources





Eika Alliance

Focus on retail customers

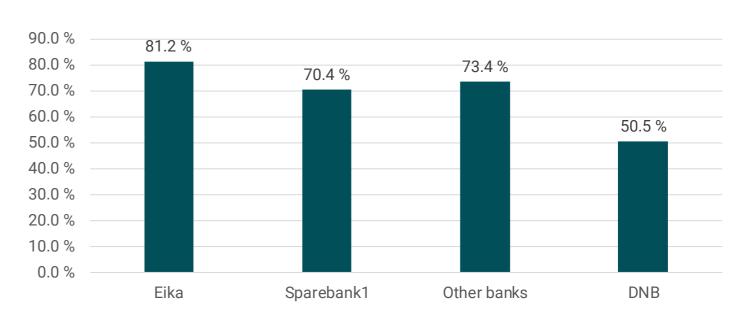
- Eika banks have a large and stable retail customer base
- Retail lending accounts for 80.8% of Eika banks' total lending
- Eika banks have a higher share of retail lending compared to the other Norwegian peers
- Retail lending consist predominantly of mortgage collateralized housing loans (approx. 93% of total)
- Low average LTV of 53.1% in mortgage portfolio

Local market focus

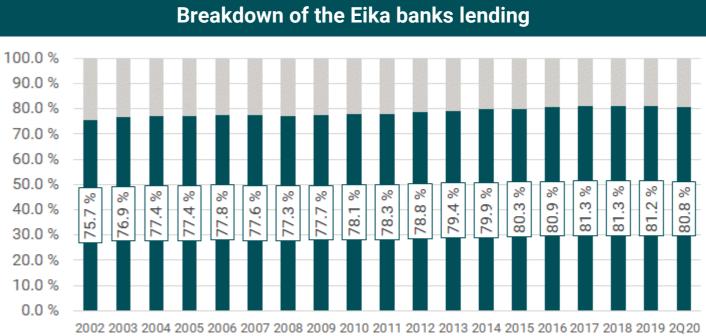
- Decisions are made close to the customer and transaction originations
- Each bank continues to develop its link with its local community ۲
- Keeping its own name and legal identity .



Separate legal identities and a common support brand



Source: Bank analyst Eika as of Q4 2019



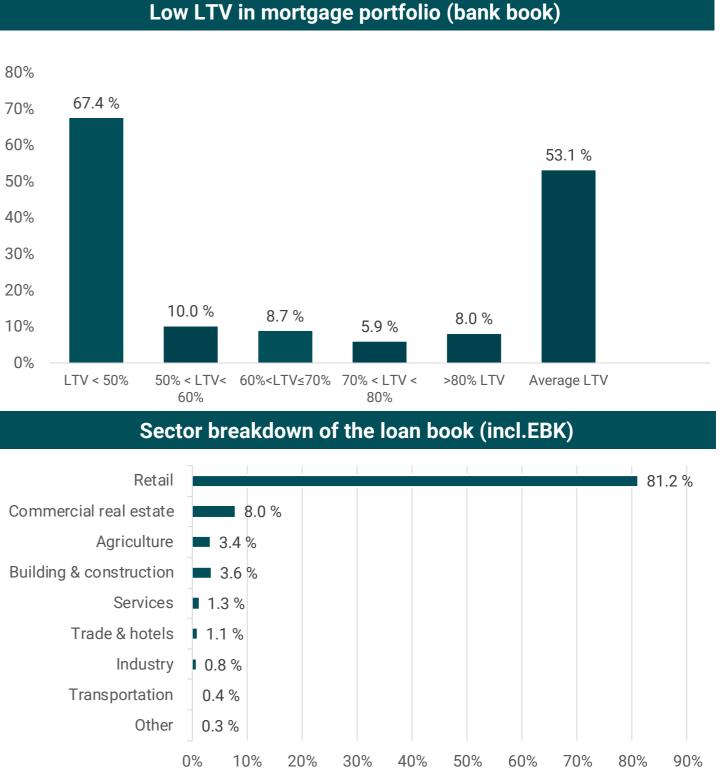
Retail share - Eika vs. peers

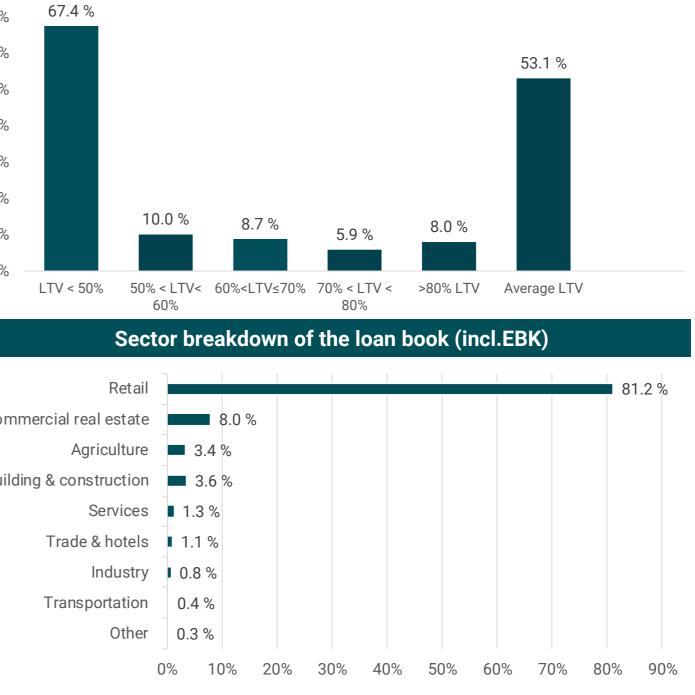
Retail incl. EBK Corporate



Eika Alliance High asset quality

- Conservative risk profile within the banks
- Eika banks have low exposure to the corporate sector with no lending to shipping, oil sector and relatively low exposure to commercial real estate
- Few non-performing and doubtful loans
 - Gross non-performing loans constitute 0.74% of gross loans 02 2020
 - Gross doubtful loans constitute 0.61% of gross loans Q2 2020
 - Provisioning ratio on problem loans of 44.3% Q2 2020
- Gross problem loans relative to equity + loan loss reserves was 9.1 % in Q2 2020, up from 9.5 % in Q4 2019
- Coronavirus outbreak will increase loan losses in 2020
 - Relatively low corporate share and low/no exposure to many particularly vulnerable industries
 - Level depends on the extent and length of the coronavirus epidemic, as well as the countermeasures implemented. We expect loan loss of around 0.3% to 0.4% of gross loans in 2020 vs. 0.07% in 2019
 - Loan losses in 1H20 were step 1 and 2 provisions (general provisions). Loan losses in 1H 2020 were 0.34% of gross loans





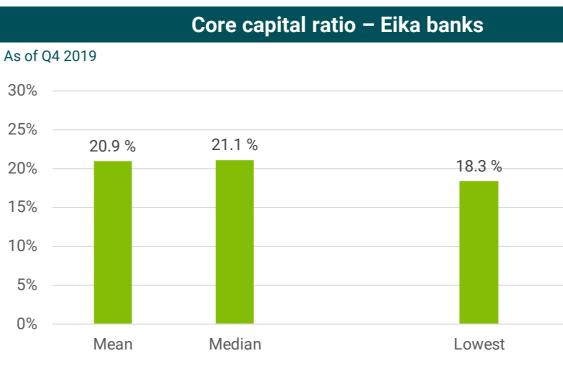


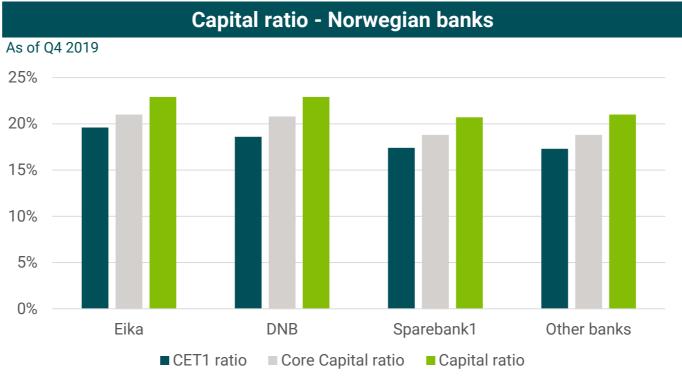
Eika Alliance

Strong capitalization

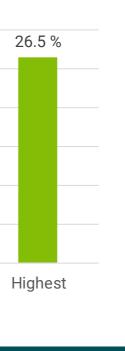
Strong capital ratios – Q4 2019

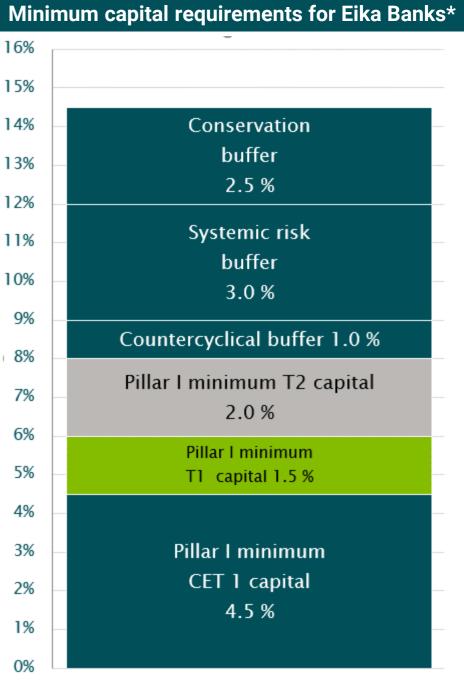
- Common equity ratio (CET1): 19.5% •
- Core capital ratio: 20.9% •
- 22.9% Capital ratio: •
- Equity ratio (Equity/Total assets): 11.2% •
- All Eika banks are well capitalized (core capital ratio) •
 - Lowest: 18.3%
 - Highest: 26.5%
- All Eika banks use the standard approach under Basel II • and therefore increase in mortgage risk-weights will not impact capital levels of Eika banks
- If Eika banks were using the IRB method, the core and • capital ratios are estimated to have been at 27.3% and 29.8% Q4 2019





19





* The countercyclical buffer was decreased from 2.5 percent to 1 percent with immediate effect from March 13th 2020. No Eika Bank has SIFI requirements



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Norwegian covered bonds

Norway's covered bonds legislation I.

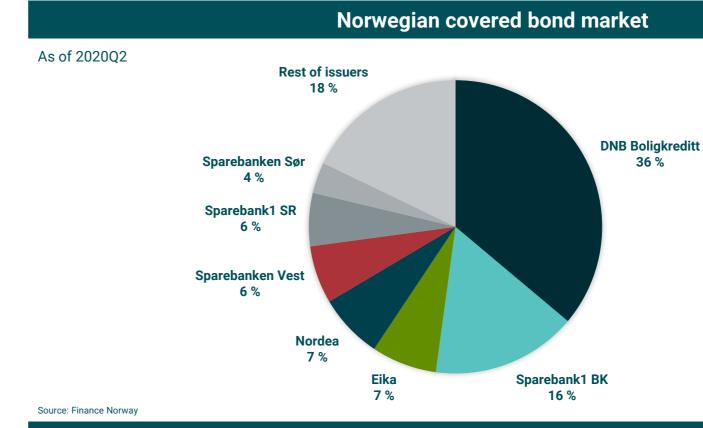
- Specialist banking principle, ring fencing of assets and transparency
- Standard principles in the legislation in effect since 2007
- Harmonisation (EBA proposal from 2017) can easily be implemented in Norwegian law with minor changes

Regulatory Π.

- Norwegian covered bonds are category 1 for LCR purposes (above EUR 500 mill.)
- 10% preferential risk weighting

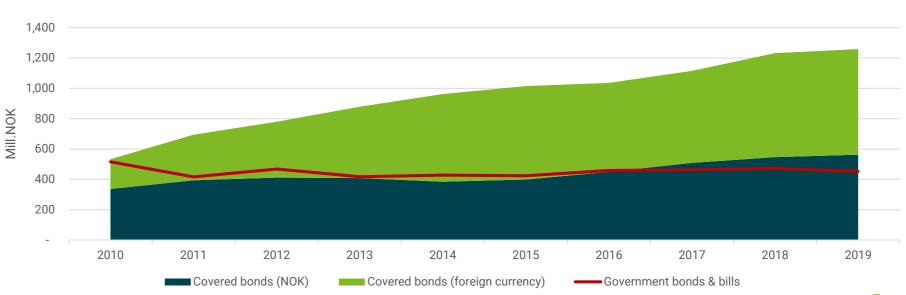
Eika Boligkreditt covered bonds

- Eika Boligkreditt (EIKBOL) is a labelled covered bond issuer (www.coveredbondlabel.com)
- EIKBOL covered bonds are rated Aaa by Moody's
- Committed minimum OC of 5%
- 12 month soft-bullet on all CBs



Norwegian covered bonds and government bonds outstanding







Eligibility criteria for mortgages in the cover pool

I.	 Customer categories Norwegian residents (Retail) Cooperative housing associations (common debt between multiple individuals) 	IV.	 Type of properties Stand alone Cooperative
II.	 Credit Criteria Eika Boligkreditt sets the credit policy for acceptable mortgages for the cover pool (credit manual) No arrears 	V.	 Type of products Principal rep Fixed and value
III.	 Collateral Max LTV 75% at time of origination (same as Norwegian legislation) Recent valuations (within 6 months at time of origination) Quarterly valuation from independent 3rd party, documented 	VI.	Origination proce Loan-by-loa

es

ne residential mortgages ve housing residential mortgages

S

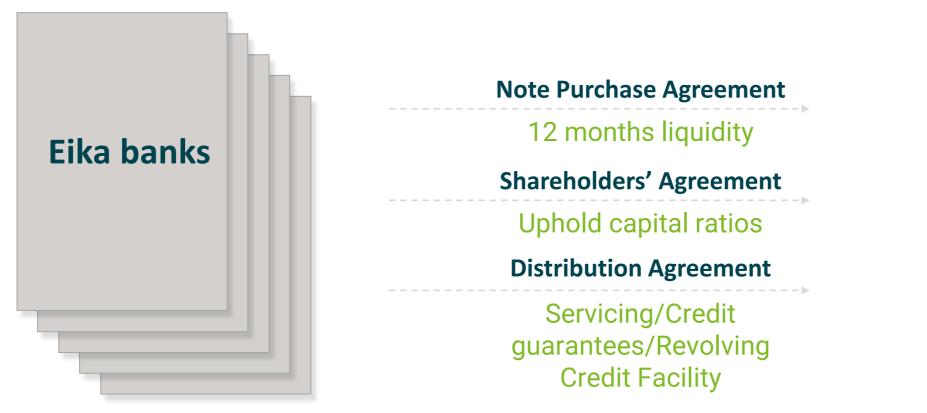
epayment loans (currently no flexi loans) variable interest rate loans

ess an origination



Structure of liquidity and capital support from owners

- The Note Purchase Agreement (NPA) is structured to ensure that EIKBOL has liquidity, at all times, sufficient to pay the Final Redemption Amount of any series of Notes in a rolling twelve month period
- The Shareholders' Agreement is structured to ensure that EIKBOL will uphold a sufficient capital adequacy ratio at all times. The Owner Banks are obliged to pay their pro-rata share of any capital increase adopted by EIKBOL's general meeting and of any capital instruments to be issued
- The Distribution Agreement is structured to provide servicing of the mortgages and includes credit guarantees for mortgages transferred to EIKBOL and a revolving credit facility between Eikbol (borrower) and Eika bank (lender) for the value of mortgages exceeding 75% of the value of the collateral



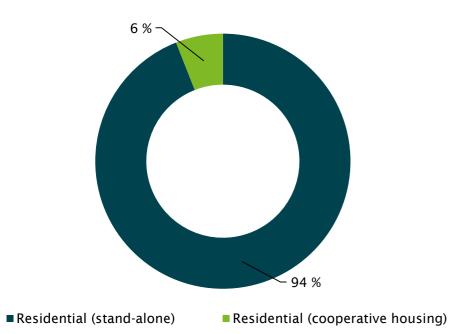




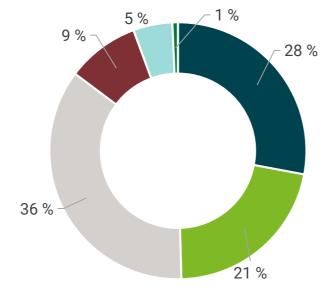
Summary of the mortgages in the cover pool

Nominal value	EUR 7.9 bn
Number of loans	54,405
Arithmethic average loan (nominal)	EUR 145,455
WA LTV (indexed)	46.9%
WA seasoning (months)	32
Loans in arrears (over 90 days)	0.0
Over-collateralization *	10.1 %

Type of collateral



Indexed LTV distribution



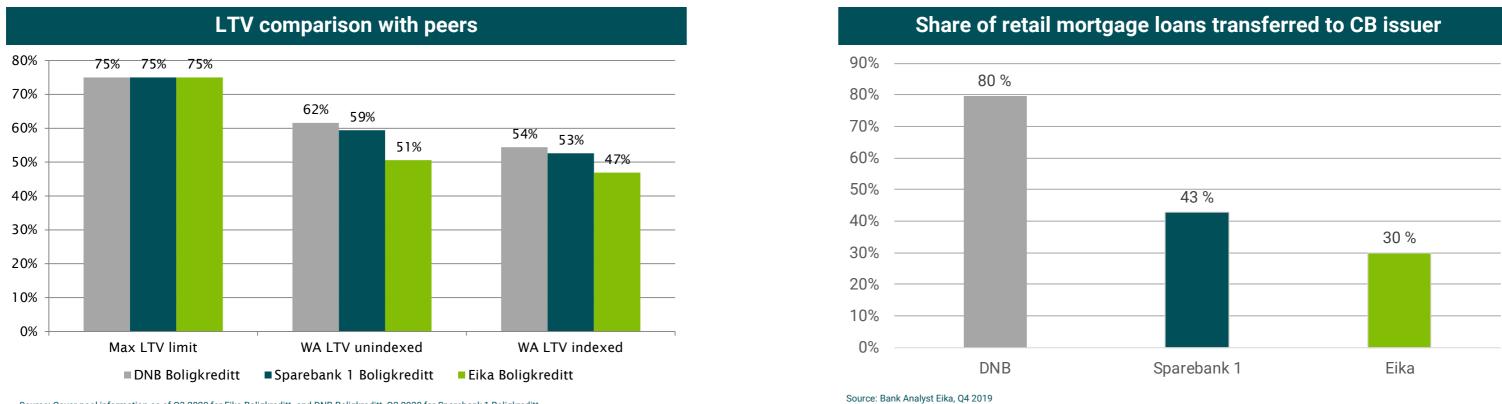
■ 0 <= 40 ■ 40 < x <= 50 ■ 50 < x <= 60 ■ 60 < x <= 70 ■ 70 < x <= 75 ■ 75 < x

Data as of 30.09.2020. EURNOK 11.10 * OC is estimated based on nominal values

Variable vs fixed rate



Cover pool comparison and stress test



Source: Cover pool information as of Q3 2020 for Eika Boligkreditt and DNB Boligkreditt, Q2 2020 for Sparebank 1 Boligkreditt

Stress test: Decline in house prices

Stress test house price reduction	Unchanged	Decline of 10%	Decline of 20%	Decline of 30%
(numbers in € million)				
Mortgage Portfolio	7,914	7,914	7,914	7,914
Part of mortgages exceeding 75% LTV	0	40.7	135.5	399.9
Share of mortgage portfolio >75% LTV	0.00 %	0.5 %	1.7 %	5.0%
Estimated over-collateralization*	10.1 %	9.6 %	8.5 %	5.4 %





COVID-19 situation – Credit quality of the cover pool

Eika Boligkreditt has never experienced mortgages being delinquent for more than three months since startup of company

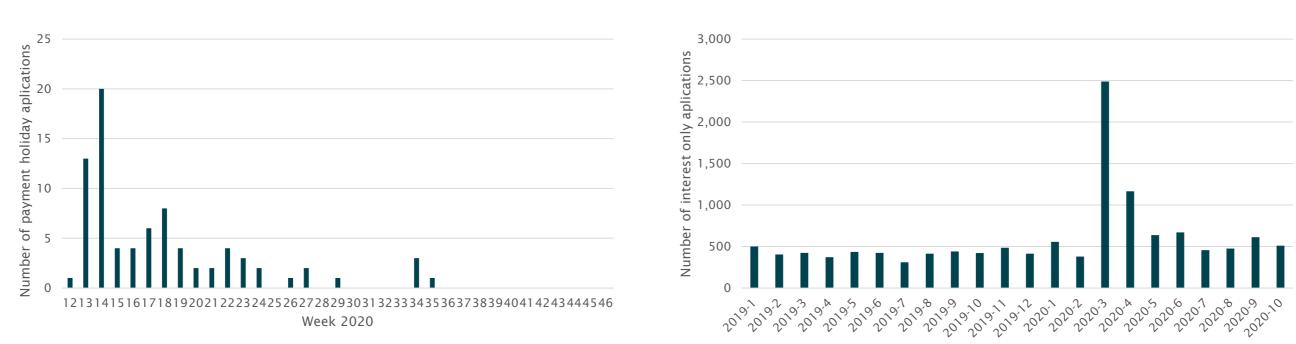
- After the COVID-19 outbreak and the increase in unemployment there has been an increased demand for payment holidays and to • temporarily pay interest only.
- The graph on the bottom of the page shows monthly data for applications to pay only interest only temporarily.

Eika Boligkreditt has the following policies regarding payment holidays/temporarily interest only for mortgages

- LTV $\leq 60\%$, variable mortgage rate Banks can grant an interest only period for up to 10 years ٠
- LTV >60%, variable mortgage rate Banks can grant an interest only period for up to 6 + 6 months
- Fixed mortgage rate Banks can grant an interest only period for up to 6 + 6 months

Granted payment holiday applications

Interest & repayment - Banks can grant a grace period for up to 6 months. The interest is added to the principal. The maturity of the loan is extended with the grace period. The principal after the grace period cannot exceed original principal for the mortgage.



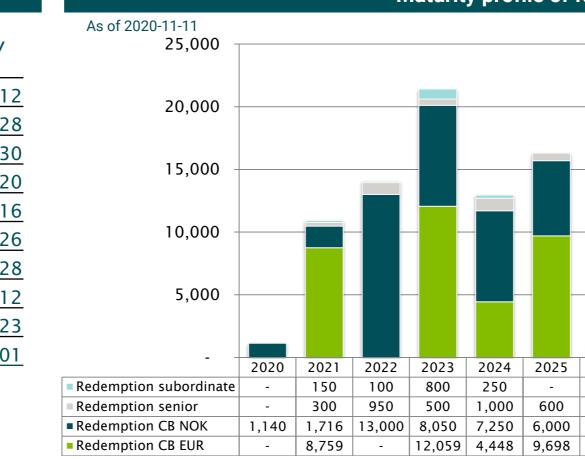
Granted interest only applications

Current funding

- EIKBOL has the objective to be a frequent benchmark issuer in both EUR and NOK covered bond markets
- Redemptions within any future 12-month rolling period should not exceed 20% of the gross funding at the time of redemption
- Targeting a level of liquidity covering redemptions the next 12 months
- Balance sheet hedged to 3M NIBOR on both asset and liability side

		5%
	41%	

Maturity profile of funding (in million NOK)

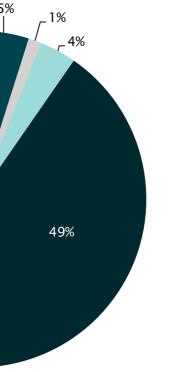


As of 2020-11-11

Outstanding EUR benchmark transactions

ISIN	Issue date	Volume (EUR mio)	Maturity date
XS1044766191	2014-03-12	500	2021-03-12
XS1312011684	2015-10-28	500	2021-10-28
XS0881369770	2013-01-30	1000	2023-01-30
XS1397054245	2016-04-20	500	2023-04-20
XS1566992415	2017-02-16	500	2024-02-16
XS1725524471	2017-11-28	500	2025-02-26
XS1869468808	2018-08-28	500	2025-08-28
XS2133386685	2020-03-12	500	2027-03-12
XS2234711294	2020-09-16	500	2028-03-23
XS1945130620	2019-02-01	500	2029-02-01

Funding mix EIKBOL



Equity

- Subordinate and hybrid capital
- Senior debt
- EUR denominated CBs
- ■NOK denominated CBs

							_		
2026	2027	2028	2029	2030	2031	2032	2033	2034	>
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
300	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
1,500	700	1,150	-	-	850	-	1,600	-	-
-	5,200	5,350	4,851	-	-	-	-	-	736

Eika Boligkreditt Planned long term funding

- Budget for gross long term funding in 2021 is NOK-• equivalent of 20.4 bn (EUR 1.9 bn)
 - NOK-equivalent of 19.5 bn in covered bonds •
 - NOK 800 million in senior unsecured bonds
- EIKBOL has the flexibility to pre-fund expected need in • coming periods or shifting between covered bond funding in EUR vs NOK on a discretionary basis.
- Stable growth of mortgage book ٠

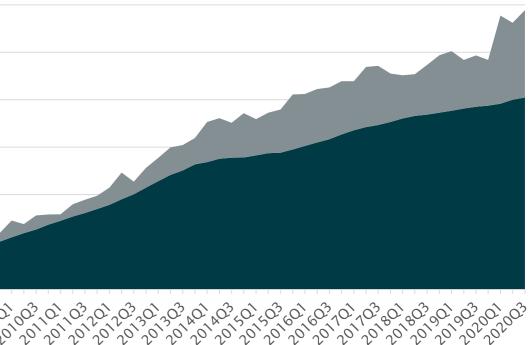
Actu	ial and plann
As of 20	20-11-11
25,000 -	
20,000 -	
15,000 -	
10,000 -	
5,000 -	
-	Actual funding 2019
■AT1	-
■T2	250
Senior unsecured	1,200
Covered Bonds (denominated in NOK)	7,250
Covered Bonds (denomianted in EUR)	5,587
	EIKBOL de

EIKBOL de					
As of 2020 12000 —	-09-30				
10000 -					
8000 -					
6000 -					
4000 -					
2000 -					
0	0 ²				

ed long term funding by instrument (in million NOK)



evelopment in mortgages and AUM (in million €)



■ Bank funding (mortgages) ■ Other assets (liquidity, including collateral received)



Agenda



The Norwegian economy

Eika Alliance

Eika Boligkreditt

ESG in Eika

Appendix

Disclaimer



ESG in Eika Focus areas sustainabability

Sustainable local growth and adjustment process



Sustainable savings & investments

Responsible and sustainable internal operations

The project in the alliance propose two ambition levels within sustainability for the local banks with aligned priority programs to succeed



Strategic framework for sustainablility in the Eika Alliance

Local bank 2023 Strong and caring local banks. Driving force for growth and development for you and your local community

Be an initiator for sustainable local growth, development and green readjustment through credit decisions and advisory services

Ambition: Be «the local strategist» for the local businesses and an initiator for sustaniable, local growth and readjustment

Strenghten communication about and continuing improvement of sustainable saving products

Ambition: Offer a meny of sustainable and green saving products

Responsible and sustainable internal operations

Strengten responsible and sustainable internal operations

Ambition: The Eika Alliance shall improve and prioritize responsible and sustainable internal operation to enable a credible position regarding sustainable local growth and readjustment prosess

Sustainable local growth and adjustment process





Sustainable savings – a four step process in the investment process

	PFG exclusion	Sector exclusion	Product exclusion	ESG sco carl
	Excludes all companies as Pension Fund Global + 2 private larger Norwegian Asset Mangers because of ESG	Excludes all companies within the following sectors: • Coal • Tobacco • Gambling/Casino • Weapon production Also excludes all companies not engaging to follow international norms and standards • UN Global Impact	Excludes all companies with the following products/activities: - Palm oil (all) - Tobacco producers (all) - Controversial weapons (all) - Oil sand (>10% of production) - Pornography (>10%) - Gambling (>10%) - Tobacco related product (>25%) - Tobacco distribution-/sales (>25%) - Military contracts (>25%) In addition we exclude all companies involved in serious controveries involved with corruption, enviromental accidents, labor conflicts etc.	foot Excludes the 109 remanining com Systainalytics Es companies with footprint
Universe 8,000	Excluded companies 175 companies 41 bn. NOK	Excluded companies 162 companies NOK 20 bn.	Excluded companies 168 companies NOK 36 bn.	Excluded compar 304 companies NOK 49 bn.
companies NOK 598 bn.	Accumulated exclusion list 175 companies NOK 41 bn.	Accumulated exclusion list 299 companies NOK 47 bn.	Accumulated exclusion list 352 companies NOK59 bn.	Accumulated e 611 companies NOK 94 bn.

core and bon tprint

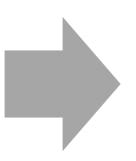
0% worst mpanies with ESG risk rating and h a high carbon

Portfolio construction

anies

exclusion list

es



Eligible universe

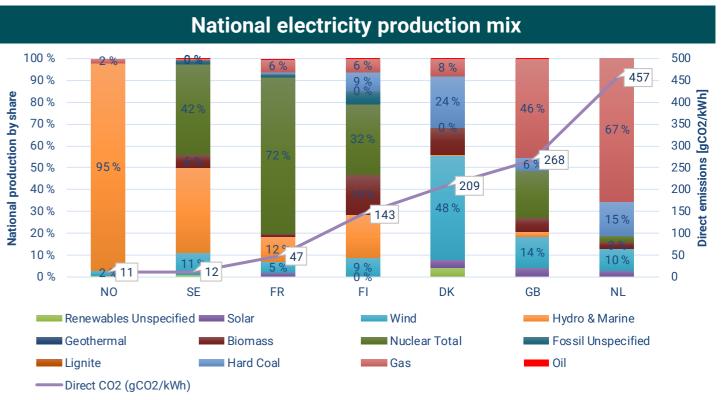
7294 companies (91%) NOK 504 bn. (84%)



CO₂ Footprint Analysis of the Cover Pool – Background

- Norwegian buildings are predominantly heated with electricity
- Norway has one of the greenest energy source mix for electricity (>97% renewable energy =95% Hydro & 2% wind)
- The carbon intensity for the lifetime of a Norwegian residential building = 123g CO₂/Kwh, this compares to much higher carbon intensities for other European countries¹

- Over time, residential buildings in Norway have become more energy efficient – analyzing building codes provides a robust proxy as this data is available for the entire building stock (unlike EPC labels which represent ~50% of all buildings)
- With each new building code, energy efficiency standards for buildings have improved over time
- Multiconsult has estimated the CO₂ footprint of the entire Eika cover pool on this basis

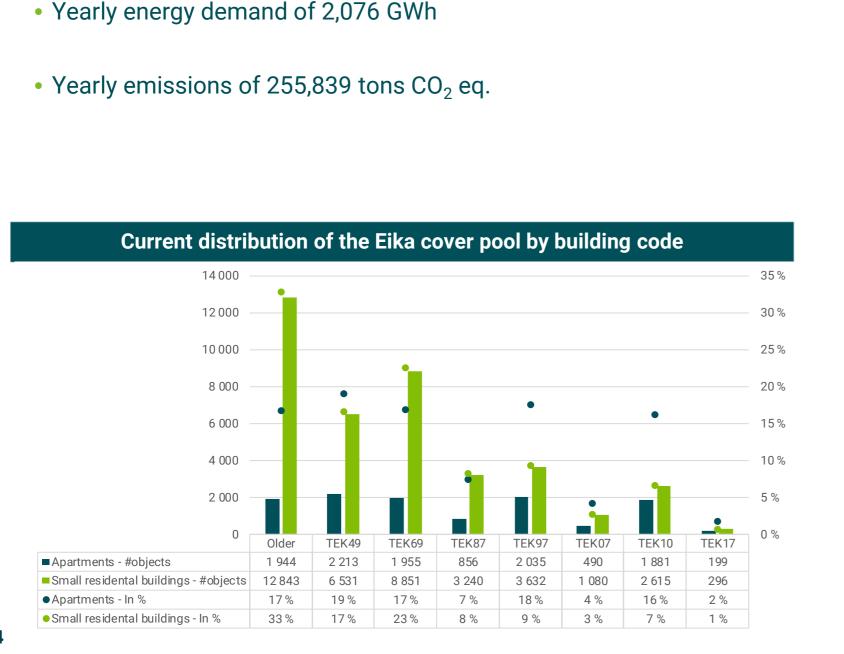


Development in calculated specific net energy demand by building code





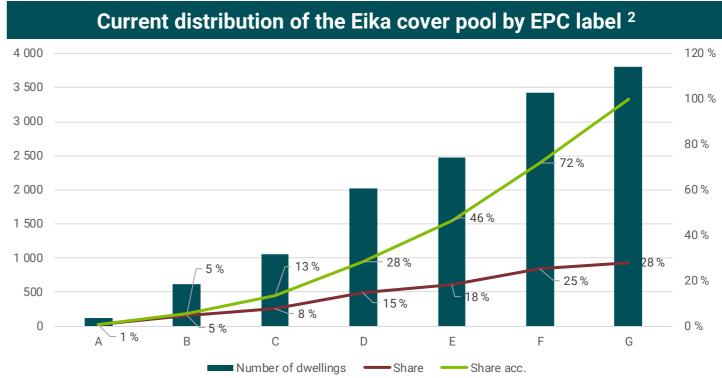
CO₂ Footprint Analysis of the Cover Pool – 2019



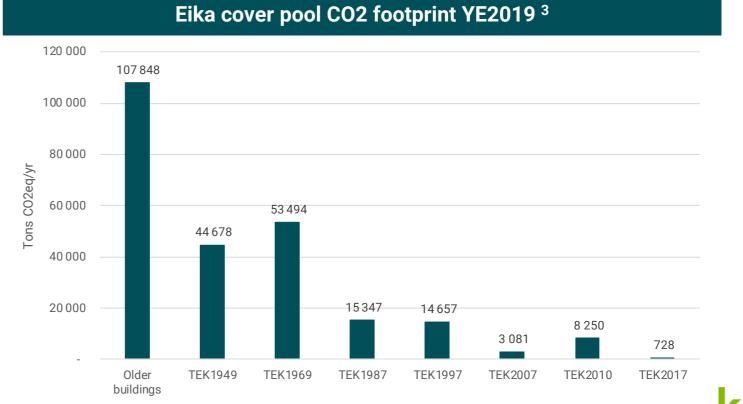
As part of our 'Strategic Framework for Sustainability', Eika values

increased disclosure in terms of scope 3 carbon impact

• The current portfolio, as of December 31st 2019, represents:



² EPC labels represent only 27% of the Eika cover pool, hence this is not fully representative of the entire cover pool



³ Portfolio CO2-emissions related yearly use in energy demand distributed by age of building



Green bond eligibility criteria and impact

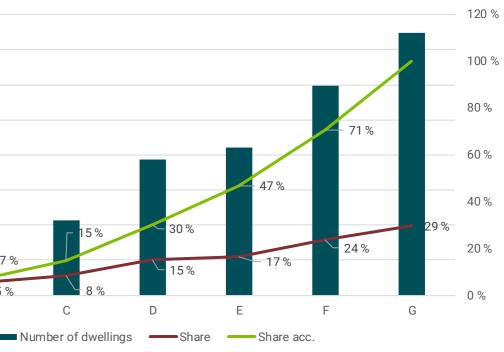
- Two main eligibility criteria: Building code approach, and EPC label approach
- Both criterion are used to estimate the top 15% most efficient buildings vs. the total building stock
- Building codes are used as the basis of the analysis, given that they represent the entire building stock (whereas EPC labels represent \sim 50%)
- Criterion 1 (building code):
 - Apartments: TEK10 or TEK17
 - Other residentials dwellings: TEK07, TEK10 or TEK17
- Criterion 2 (EPC):
 - Extrapolating for the total building stock, EPC's with an A, B or C label are proven to be within the top 15% most efficient residential buildings
- This green bond eligibility criteria is aligned with the Climate Bonds Initiative taxonomy for Norwegian residential buildings



Current eligible portfolio in cover pool								
Criterion	Type of dwelling	Number of objects	Area total [m ²]	Portfolio size [MNOK]				
Criterion 1	Apartments	2 080	162 695	3 333				
(Building code)	Small residential buildings	3 991	685 365	9 015				
Oritorion 0	Apartments	292	23 058	417				
Criterion 2 (EPC)	Smal residential buildings	427	69 586	859				
Total		6 790	940 704	13 624				

- than 50 per cent of the Norwegian average

EPCs extrapolated to include the whole residential building stock in Eika Boligkreditt's cover pool



• Eika green bond portfolio has an estimated average energy consumption of less

Estimated avoided CO2 emissions (entire pool) = 15,500 tons CO2/year



ESG in Eika ESG in Eika Boligkreditt

Eika Boligkreditt does not invest in companies listed by the Council on Ethics for Government Pension Fund Global inconsistent with its Ethical Guidelines or companies within the sectors coal, tobacco, gambling and weapon production.



In 2018, EIKA BOLIGKREDITT AS received a rating of A (on a scale of AAA-CCC) in the MSCI ESG Ratings assessment¹.



Eika has a score of 74.6 out of maximum 100 on sustainability measured on a Norwegian Client Experience Index (CEI)

Eika is ranked number 4 out of 149 companies/brands across 33 sectors

Eika is ranked highest among 7 banks². Banks have the highest average sector CEI score of 67.8

More information about Corporate Social Responsibility and ESG in Eika Boligkreditt: <u>https://eikbol.no/About-us/ESG</u> https://etikkradet.no/en/

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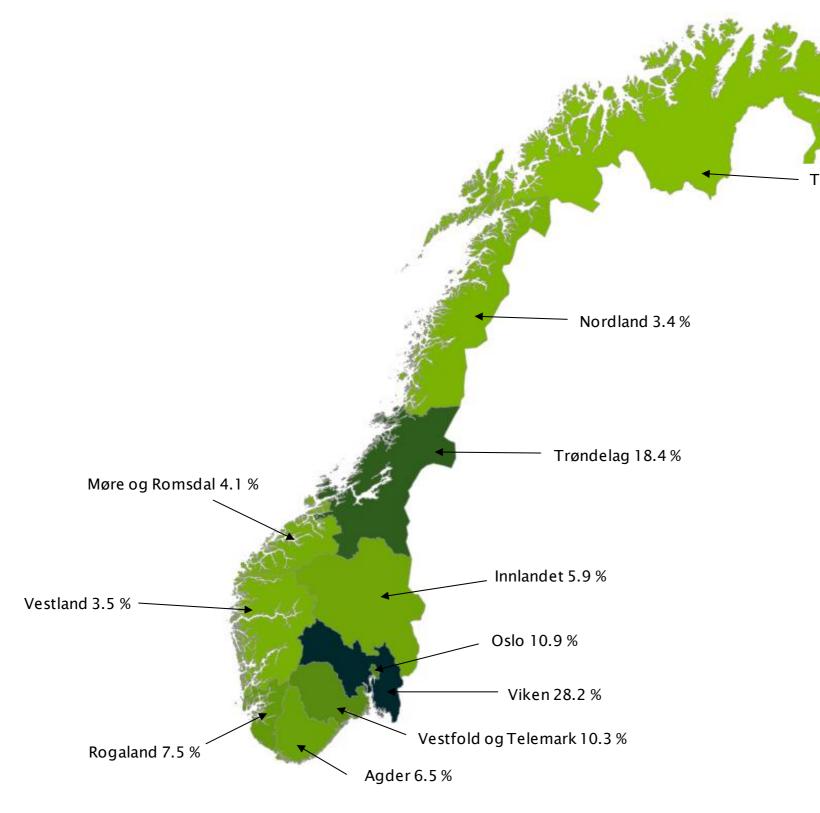
Agenda

The Norwegian economy Eika Alliance Eika Boligkreditt ESG in Eika Appendix

Disclaimer



Mortgage lending - Strong geographical diversification





Troms og Finnmark 1.3 %



Appendix Liquidity portfolio

• The substitute assets constitute EIKBOL's liquidity buffer

- Minimum liquidity > 6% of outstanding covered bonds (hard limit)
- Minimum liquidity > 100% of next 6 months redemptions (hard limit)
- Internal target is to have liquid assets covering at least 75% of redemptions within the next 12 months

Sectors and tenors												
Sector	Market values (EUR)	In % of portfolio	TtM									
Government bonds	55,230,563	4 %	0.47									
SSA's	117,675,674	8 %	1.55									
Local/Regional governments	486,061,874	32 %	0.36									
Covered Bonds	597,299,213	40 %	1.49									
Public Sector Covered Bonds	101,609,730	7 %	2.14									
Bank deposits	13,787,163	1 %	0.00									
Total portfolio	1,508,172,514	100 %	0.99									

The Liquidity portfolio conforms to a conservative investment policy

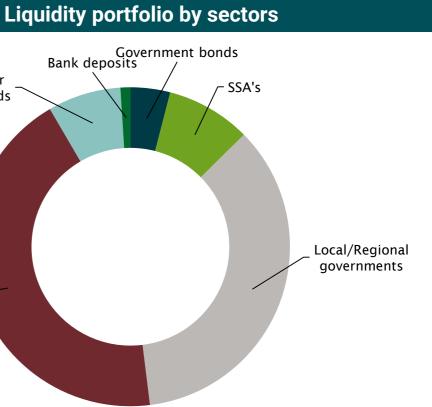
- Nordic and German exposure, only NOK denominated
- Portfolio weighted average time to maturity of maximum 2 years
- An individua years
- Rated AA-/Aa3 or better if the maturity exceeds 100 days, or A-/A3 if the maturity less than 100 days
- Weighted average portfolio interest rate duration of less than 0.3 years, and individual securities less than 1 year

L

Public Sector Covered Bonds

Covered Bonds -

An individual investment can have a remaining maturity of max 3.5





Appendix **Strong incentive structure**

With regards to the mortgages in the Eika Boligkreditt cover pool there is a 2 pillar guarantee mechanism; this is to ensure that the originating banks are held responsible for potential losses on mortgages transferred to Eika Boligkreditt

Loss Guarantee

- 80% of any losses, including unpaid interest, on mortgages in EBK's portfolio will be covered by the owner bank
- The guarantee from an owner bank will have a floor of (i) NOK 5 ٠ million; or (ii) 100 per cent. of the relevant owner bank's loan portfolio if it is lower than NOK 5 million
- The guarantee from an owner bank is limited to 1% of the owner • bank's total portfolio
- 100% of the loan is guaranteed by the bank until the collateral is • registered

owner bank

after such losses are incurred.

Set-off rights

The remaining 20% of the losses will be covered by a counterclaim on all commission receivables due from EBK to each

The set-off rights are limited to a period of up to 12 months



Appendix **LCR Level 1 Eligibility**

- All EUR denominated Covered bonds issued by Eika Boligkreditt AS fulfil the requirements to qualify as Level 1 assets pursuant to Commission Delegated Regulation (EU) 2015/61 regarding liquidity coverage requirement for credit institutions ("LCR regulation").
- With reference to Article 10(1)(f) of the LCR-regulation, Eika Boligkreditt AS confirms the following:
 - Covered bonds issued by Eika Boligkreditt AS meet the requirements to be eligible for the treatment set out in Article 129(4) of Regulation (EU) No 575/2013 ("CRR") and the requirements referred to in Article 52(4) of Directive 2009/65/EC, cf. the European Commission's website: http://ec.europa.eu/finance/investment/legal_texts/index_en.htm

- of CRR

- classification

• The exposures to institutions in the cover pool meet the conditions laid down in Article 129(1)(c) and in Article 129(1) last subparagraph

• Eika Boligkreditt AS gives the information required in Article 129(7) of CRR to its investors: http://eikabk.no/investorrelations/coverpool

 Covered bonds issued by Eika Boligkreditt AS are assigned a credit assessment by a nominated ECAI which is at least credit quality step 1 in accordance with Article 129(4) of CRR, and the equivalent credit quality step in the event of short term credit assessment

Eika Boligkreditt AS' EMTCN Programme requires a level of overcollaterization higher than the 2% needed for LCR level 1



Comparison of legal frameworks for covered bonds

	Norway	Denmark	Swedbank	Germany
Product name	Norwegian Covered Bonds	Særligt Dækkede Obligationer	Säkerställda Obligationer	Pfandbrief
Covered bond model	Specialised bank issuance model	Universal bank + specialised bank issuance model	Universal bank issuance model + specialised bank issuance model	Universal bank issuance model
Eligible cover assets	Public sector, mortgage loans	Public sector, mortgage loans, ship mortgages	Public sector, mortgage loans (commercial max. 10%)	Public sector, mortgage loans, ship + aircraft mortgages
Maximum LTVs	Residential: 75%, commercial: 60%	Commercial: 60%, agricultural: 60%, ships: 70%, residential: 80%	Commercial: 60%, residential: 75%, agricultural: 70%	Residential, commercial, ship, aircraft: 60%
Basis for LTV calculation	Market value	Market value	Market value	Mortgage lending value
If a loan's LTV exceeds the LTV cap after inclusion into the pool, does the part below the limit still remain part of the cover pool?	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
Minimum OC	2 %	Universal banks: 0%; Mortgage banks: 8% of RWA	2 %	2 %
Type of coverage test	NPV	NPV after stress test	Nominal + NPV after stress test	Nominal + NPV after stress test
Is OC above the minimum protected?	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
Legal transparency requirements?	Νο	Yes	No	Yes
Is there an issuance limit in	No	No	No	No

Appendix Eika Boligkreditt - P&L

Amounts in NOK Million	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020Q1	2020Q2	2020Q3
Total Interest income	2 066	1 861	2 049	2 162	2 624	738	574	463
Total interest expenses	1 430	1 380	1 366	1 480	1 976	535	421	225
Net interest income	636	482	683	682	648	203	153	238
Dividend from shares classified as available for sale	6	6	6	18	19	3	4	3
Total gains and losses on financial instruments at fair v	203	(81)	(135)	22	(6)	(71)	95	(4)
Comission costs	443	300	410	458	490	144	112	187
Total salaries and administrative expenses	42	39	48	50	51	13	12	12
Depreciation	2	1	2	2	4	1	1	1
Other operating expenses	13	14	16	16	15	3	4	4
Losses on loans and gurantees	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
PROFIT/(LOSS) BEFORE TAXES	344	50	78	197	102	(26)	123	34
Taxes	81	11	18	45	14	(9)	28	6
PROFIT/(LOSS) FOR THE PERIOD	263	39	60	152	89	(17)	95	28
Net gains and losses on bonds and certificates	-	-	-	(7)	7	(24)	32	(0.5)
Fair value adjustment, shares	-	-	-	(15)	-	-	-	-
Net gains and losses on basis swaps	-	-	-	(106)	53	67	5	10
Taxes on other comprehensive income	-	-	-	28	(15)	(11)	(9)	(2)
COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE PERIOD	-	-	-	52	133	15	122	35

Eika Boligkreditt AS - Report Q3 2020:

Eika Boligkreditt showed a profit of NOK 34 million for third quarter, compared with a profit of NOK 20.1 million for the same period in 2019. Net gains and losses on basis swaps came to NOK 10 million for the third quarter of 2020 (2019: negative NOK 7 million), net gains and losses on bonds and certificates came to negative NOK 0.5 million and taxes on other comprehensive income came to negative NOK 2 million, so that the comprehensive income for the period including such changes came to a profit of NOK 35 million.



Eika Boligkreditt - Balance sheet and key figures

Amounts in NOK Million	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020Q1	2020Q2	2020Q3
Balance sheet development								
Lending to customers	64 527	71 509	77 286	82 015	84 719	85 846	87 744	88 461
Debt from issuing securities	79 876	86 983	90 030	97 288	94 300	107 805	107 395	111 861
Subordinated loans	450	599	600	674	889	724	724	724
Equity*	4 2 4 2	4 396	4 770	5 290	5 777	5 784	5 795	5825
Equity in % of total assets*	4.72	4.58	4.79	4.90	5.50	4.60	4.70	4.50
Average total assets	84 571	92 324	99 466	101 744	107 506	116 060	118 356	120 961
Total assets	89 932	96 017	99 603	107 969	105 835	126 285	122 950	128 776
Rate of return / profitability								
Fee and commission income to relation to average total assets, annualised (%)	0.50	0.32	0.40	0.40	0.50	0.50	0.40	0.50
Staff and general administration expenses in relation to average total assets, annualised (%)	0.10	0.04	0.05	0.03	0.03	0.03	0.03	0.03
Return on equity, annualised (%)	10.70	1.37	1.90	4.50	2.20	(1.90)	3.80	3.40
Total assets per full-time position	4 542	4 849	5 030	5 453	5 345	6 717	6 210	6 778
Finacial strength								
Core tier 1 capital	3 607	3 833	4 1 5 6	4 522	5 074	5 066	5 067	5 063
Total tier 1 capital	4 055	4 282	4 706	5 227	5 648	5 640	5 641	5 638
Total primary capital (tier 2 capital)	4 505	4 882	5 305	5 902	6 372	6 364	6 365	6 362
Weighted calculation basis	27 510	29 766	31 468	33 731	34 074	36 421	37 328	38 025
Core tier 1 capital ratio	13.10	12.88	13.20	13.40	14.90	13.90	13.60	13.30
Total tier 1 capital ratio	14.70	14.39	15.00	15.50	16.60	15.50	15.10	14.80
Capital adeqacy ratio	16.40	16.40	16.90	17.50	18.70	17.50	17.10	16.70
Delinquinces in % of gross loans	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Loss in % of gross loans	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Staff								
Number of full-time positions at end of period	19.8	19.8	19.8	19.8	19.8	18.8	19.8	19.0

*Including AT1 capital

Source: EBK quarterly reports



Eika Boligkreditt -changes in the business model in 2019

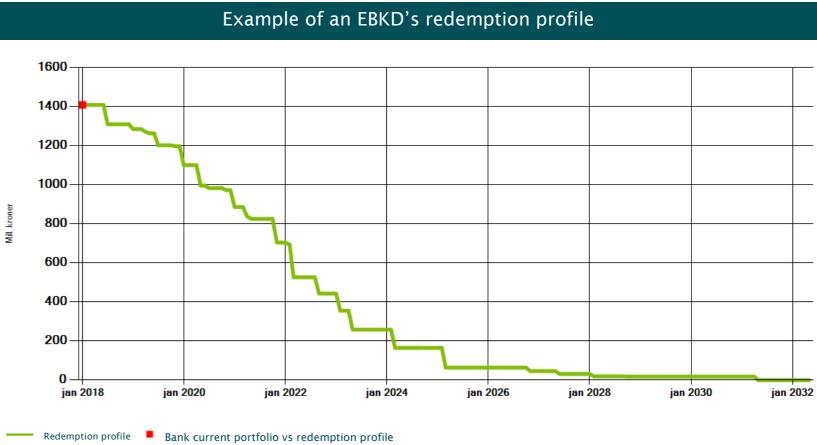
We have changed the following elements in the business model:

- Maximum LTV increased the maximum LTV from 60% to the regulatory maximum of 75%.
 - This involves establishing a revolving credit facility (RCF) between Eika Boligkreditt (borrower) and Eika Banks (lender) financing the parts of mortgages exceeding 75% based on current valuation
 - There is a cap on the size of the RFC. The cap is the split amount of the mortgages exceeding 60% LTV based on the original collateral valuation
 - Eika Boligkreditt have to monitor the development in collateral values in the cover pool and have to set new collateral values triggered by significant decreases in collateral values
 - The changes are regulated in a supplement to the distribution agreement. It is voluntary for each Eika Bank to enter into the supplement enabling the increase in maximum LTV
 - This was approved by the board in Eika Boligkreditt November 7th 2019 and the supplement will be made available for the banks on request from November 2019
- ROE target
 - from 3 month NIBOR + 2.0%-points to 0.0%. 100% per cent of the value creation is paid as commission instead of split between dividend and commission. This was approved by the board in Eika Boligkreditt June 19th 2019 and took effect in the transfer pricing July 1st 2019



Cancellation of distribution agreement

- An EIKBOL Distributor (EBKD) can terminate the distribution • agreement with EIKBOL with 3 months notice
- EIKBOL can terminate a distribution agreement with an EBKD with • 12 months notice
- In the event a distribution agreement is terminated, obligations ٠ continues to apply with regards to the various agreements;
 - At the expiry date for the distribution agreement, the EBKD • will no longer have the right to transfer new residential mortgages to EIKBOL
 - The EKBD is required to uphold its mortgage portfolio in line ٠ with the redemptions of EIKBOL's funding
 - The EBKD has continued responsibilities for servicing the • mortgages in the existing residential mortgage portfolio, including other rights and obligations pursuant to the guarantee, custody, commission and shareholder agreements and the agreement on the purchase of covered bonds





Mergers Eika banks in 2019

Lofoten Sparebank and Harstad Sparebank

- Merged January 1st 2019
- The name of the merged bank is Sparebank 68 grader nord
- Tore Karlsen, CEO in Harstad Sparebank, is CEO in the merged bank
- Total assets, including transferred to Eika Boligkreditt, of NOK 6.4 billion
- Rationales for the merger was to improve competitiveness while still being present in local markets, improve profitability and further enhance ability to contribute to develop their local communities

Indre Sogn, Aurland and Vik Sparebank

- Merged April 1st 2019
- The name for the merged bank is Sogn Sparebank
- Mads Indrehus, former CEO in Vik Sparebank, is CEO in the merged bank and Morten Kristiansen, former chair in the board of Indre Sogn will be chair of the board in the merged bank
- Total assets, including transferred to Eika Boligkreditt, of NOK 7.6 billion
- Rationales for the merger was to improve competitiveness in local markets, expand market reach, improve cost efficacy and attractiveness as an employer and further enhance ability to contribute to develop their local communities

Kvinesdal Sparebank and Flekkefjord Sparebank

April 30th 2019 the boards in the banks announced rting negotiations with the intention to merge the The a member in The Eika Alliance while rebank is a collaborating partner in consisting of 9 saving banks on D

of Norway

the su

- terminar 너 if the merged bank will Currently n join the Eika A.
- ` hank is Lister The proposed name Sparebank
- Jan Kåre Eie, CEO in Flekken ٦dal proposed as CEO in the mergeu Sparebank will propose the chair in $^{\circ}$ merged bank
- Total assets, including transferred to Eika a. Boligkreditt, of NOK 11.6 billion
- Rationales for considering to merge are to improve competitiveness in local markets, expand market reach, improved profitability and attractiveness as an employer and further enhance ability to contribute to develop their local communities



Mergers Eika banks in 2020

Stadsbygd Sparebank and Ørland Sparebank

- June 18th 2019 the boards in the banks announced starting negotiations with the intention to merge the banks

- Jank with Jank
 Ola Setsaas, CEO in Stalling
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 Ola Setsaas, CEO in the mei Stalling
 Ola Setsaas, CEO in Stalling
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 - Rationales for considering to merge are to improve competitiveness in local markets, improved profitability and attractiveness as an employer and further enhance ability to contribute to develop their local communities

Stadsbygd Sparebank and Ørland Sparebank	S	parebank 68°Nord and Ofoten Sparebank	Hø
 June 18th 2019 the boards in the banks announced 	•	Merged July 1 st 2020	•
starting negotiations with the intention to merge the banks	•	The name for the merged bank is Sparebank 68° Nord	•
 February 24th 2020 the boards in the banks approved the agreement to merge the banks 	•	Both banks are among the 11 banks that have given notice of termination of its agreements with Eika Gruppen.	•
^{24th} the boards announced putting the process v on hold due to uncertainty because of the vation	•	Tor-Andrè Grenersen, CEO in Ofoten Sparebank, is CEO in the merged bank	•
of its agreements with Eika	•	Total assets, including transferred to Eika Boligkreditt, of NOK 10.6 billion	•
Gru, Son Gru, Priod ends December 31 st 2021	•	Rationales for the merger was to improve competitiveness in local markets, improve profitability and further enhance ability to contribute	•
 Stadsbygd S, Stadsbygd S, Stads		profitability and further enhance ability to contribute to develop their local communities	
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 Total assets, including transferred to En Boligkreditt, of NOK 8.7 billion 			

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Iønefoss and Skue Sparebank

- Merged August 3rd 2020
- The name for the merged bank is Skue Sparebank
- Hans Kristian Glesne, CEO in Skue Sparebank, is CEO in the merged bank and George H.Fulford, chair in the board of Skue Sparebank is chair of the board in the merged bank
- Total assets, including transferred to Eika Boligkreditt, of NOK 16 billion
- The 4th largest bank in the Eika Alliance
- Rationales for the merger was to improve competitiveness in local markets, improve profitability and further enhance ability to contribute to develop their local communities



Mergers Eika banks in 2020

Surnadal Sparebank and Sparebank1 Nordvest

- August 28th 2020 the boards in the banks announced starting negotiations with the intention to merge the banks
- Surnadal is a member in The Eika Alliance while Sparebank1 Nordvest is a member of the Sparebank1 Alliance.
- Both banks are located on the northern part of the west coast of Norway
- The merged bank will be part of the Sparebank1 Alliance
- The proposed name for the merged bank is Sparebank1
 Nordmøre
- Allan Troelsen, CEO in Surnadal Sparebank, is proposed as CEO in the merged bank and Runar Wiik, chair in Sparebank1 Nordvest, is proposed as chair in the board of the merged bank
- Total assets, including transferred to Eika and Sparebank1 Boligkreditt, of NOK 30 billion
- Rationales for considering to merge are to improve competitiveness in local markets, expand market reach, improved profitability and attractiveness as an employer and further enhance ability to contribute to develop their local communities



Appendix P&L Eika banks - Strong income growth and low loan losses

P&L & balance in NOK mil.	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019
Net interest income	3 512	3 631	3 777	3 949	4 163	4 275	4 556	4 955	5 151	5 827
Net commission income	662	734	863	1 142	1 320	1 260	1 195	1 359	1 418	1 576
Other income	43	44	40	39	39	37	38	35	33	27
Total income	4 217	4 409	4 681	5 130	5 523	5 572	5 789	6 349	6 601	7 430
Personnel and adm. expenses	2 061	2 134	2 243	2 344	2 491	2 669	2 780	2 913	2 912	3 0 2 6
Depreciation	123	98	95	100	110	117	131	139	139	153
Other costs	469	495	515	578	605	665	687	705	727	772
Total costs	2 653	2 726	2 852	3 023	3 206	3 451	3 598	3 756	3 778	3 951
Core earnings before loan losses	1 564	1 683	1 828	2 108	2 317	2 121	2 191	2 592	2 824	3 479
Impairment of loans and guarantees	404	458	329	389	315	237	233	197	178	169
Core earnings	1 160	1 225	1 499	1 719	2 002	1 884	1 957	2 395	2 645	3 310
Dividends/associated companies	177	189	89	257	238	348	397	421	422	577
Net return on financial investments	218	-78	217	228	132	-189	182	147	44	85
One-offs and loss/gain on long-term assets	376	-69	150	-61	181	217	314	-12	167	-4
Pre tax profit	1 931	1 267	1 955	2 142	2 553	2 260	2 851	2 951	3 278	3 968
Taxes	501	412	542	583	623	553	579	669	710	872
Net profit	1 430	855	1 413	1 559	1 930	1 707	2 271	2 282	2 569	3 095
Gross loans	157 375	159 645	166 255	173 617	182 081	193 576	214 360	228 738	243 903	260 556
Gross loans incl. EBK	182 382	193 092	208 764	225 292	238 296	253 212	280 620	302 214	323 779	344 737
Deposits	120 419	128 567	137 142	144 975	156 594	164 697	178 098	187 805	198 358	211 338
Equity	16 748	17 525	18 833	20 422	22 268	23 624	26 240	28 865	31 608	34 949
Total assets	190 813	196 623	200 895	210 302	224 157	231 814	254 313	273 190	291 614	312 675
Total assets incl. EBK	215 820	230 070	243 403	261 977	280 371	291 450	320 573	346 666	371 491	396 856
Growth in loans	4,1 %	1,4 %	4,1 %	4,4 %	4,9 %	6,3 %	10,7 %	6,7 %	6,6 %	6,8 %
Growth in loans incl. EBK	7,3 %	5,9 %	8,1 %	7,9 %	5,8 %	6,3 %	10,8 %	7,7 %	7,1 %	6,5 %
Growth in deposits	7,5 %	6,8 %	6,7 %	5,7 %	8,0 %	5,2 %	8,1 %	5,5 %	5,6 %	6,5 %



Appendix Eika banks - Key figures

Key figures	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015
Deposit ratio	76,5 %	80,5 %	82,5 %	83,5 %	86,0 %	85,1 %
Deposit over total funding	69,9 %	72,6 %	76,1 %	77,2 %	78,4 %	79,9 %
(Market funding - Liquid assets)/Total assets	11,6 %	7,8 %	6,3 %	5,4 %	3,1 %	4,2 %
Liquid assets/Total assets	15,5 %	16,9 %	15,1 %	15,0 %	16,2 %	13,7 %
Market funds/Total assets	27,1 %	24,7 %	21,4 %	20,4 %	19,3 %	17,8 %
Equity ratio	8,8 %	8,9 %	9,4 %	9,7 %	9,9 %	10,2 %
Common Equity Tier 1 ratio (CET1)	15,0 %	15,2 %	15,8 %	16,0 %	16,9 %	17,5 %
Core capital ratio	17,0 %	17,3 %	18,1 %	18,5 %	18,3 %	18,5 %
Capital ratio	18,2 %	18,2 %	18,6 %	18,7 %	18,9 %	19,2 %
Loan loss provision ratio	0,26 %	0,29 %	0,20 %	0,23 %	0,18 %	0,13 %
Loan loss provision/Pre-provision income	20,6 %	25,5 %	15,4 %	15,0 %	11,7 %	10,4 %
Gross problem loans/Gross loans	1,83 %	1,89 %	1,78 %	1,62 %	1,53 %	1,38 %
Net problem loans/Gross loans	1,34 %	1,38 %	1,32 %	1,20 %	1,13 %	1,01 %
Loan loss reserves/Gross loans	0,88 %	0,92 %	0,88 %	0,82 %	0,79 %	0,73 %
Problem loans/(Equity + LLR)	15,9 %	15,9 %	14,6 %	12,9 %	11,8 %	10,7 %
Net interest income/total assets	1,87 %	1,87 %	1,90 %	1,92 %	1,92 %	1,88 %
Net commission incom/total assets	0,35 %	0,38 %	0,43 %	0,56 %	0,61 %	0,55 %
Loss provision ratio	0,26 %	0,29 %	0,20 %	0,23 %	0,18 %	0,13 %
Cost/income ratio	57,5 %	60,3 %	57,2 %	53,8 %	54,4 %	60,2 %
Cost/income ratio (adjusted for net finance)	60,4 %	59,3 %	59,8 %	56,1 %	55,6 %	58,3 %
Cost/income ratio (adj. for net finance and dividend	62,9 %	61,8 %	60,9 %	58,9 %	58,0 %	61,9 %
Net profit in % of total assets	0,76 %	0,44 %	0,71 %	0,76 %	0,89 %	0,75 %
Net profit/average RWA	1,38 %	0,80 %	1,29 %	1,37 %	1,61 %	1,37 %
Pre-provision income/average RWA	1,89 %	1,68 %	1,94 %	2,28 %	2,25 %	1,83 %
Core earnings in % of average RWA	1,12 %	1,14 %	1,36 %	1,51 %	1,67 %	1,52 %
Return on equity	8,9 %	5,0 %	7,8 %	7,9 %	9,0 %	7,4 %

2016	2017	2018	2019
83,1 %	82,1 %	81,3 %	81,1 %
78,9 %	77,6 %	77,0 %	76,8 %
5,9 %	6,3 %	6,8 %	6,8 %
12,9 %	13,5 %	13,5 %	13,6 %
18,8 %	19,8 %	20,3 %	20,4 %
10,3 %	10,6 %	10,8 %	11,2 %
17,8 %	18,0 %	18,2 %	19,6 %
18,9 %	19,3 %	19,6 %	21,0 %
20,0 %	20,7 %	21,4 %	22,9 %
0,11 %	0,09 %	0,08 %	0,07 %
8,4 %	6,2 %	5,4 %	4,1 %
1,12 %	0,96 %	0,97 %	1,28 %
0,84 %	0,72 %	0,75 %	1,02 %
0,64 %	0,59 %	0,54 %	0,52 %
8,7 %	7,3 %	7,2 %	9,2 %
1,87 %	1,88 %	1,82 %	1,93 %
0,49 %	0,52 %	0,50 %	0,52 %
0,11 %	0,09 %	0,08 %	0,07 %
56,5 %	54,3 %	53,5 %	48,8 %
58,2 %	55,5 %	53,8 %	49,3 %
62,2 %	59,2 %	57,2 %	53,2 %
0,93 %	0,87 %	0,91 %	1,02 %
1,74 %	1,63 %	1,72 %	2,00 %
2,12 %	2,25 %	2,21 %	2,68 %
1,50 %	1,71 %	1,77 %	2,14 %
9,1 %	8,3 %	8,5 %	9,3 %

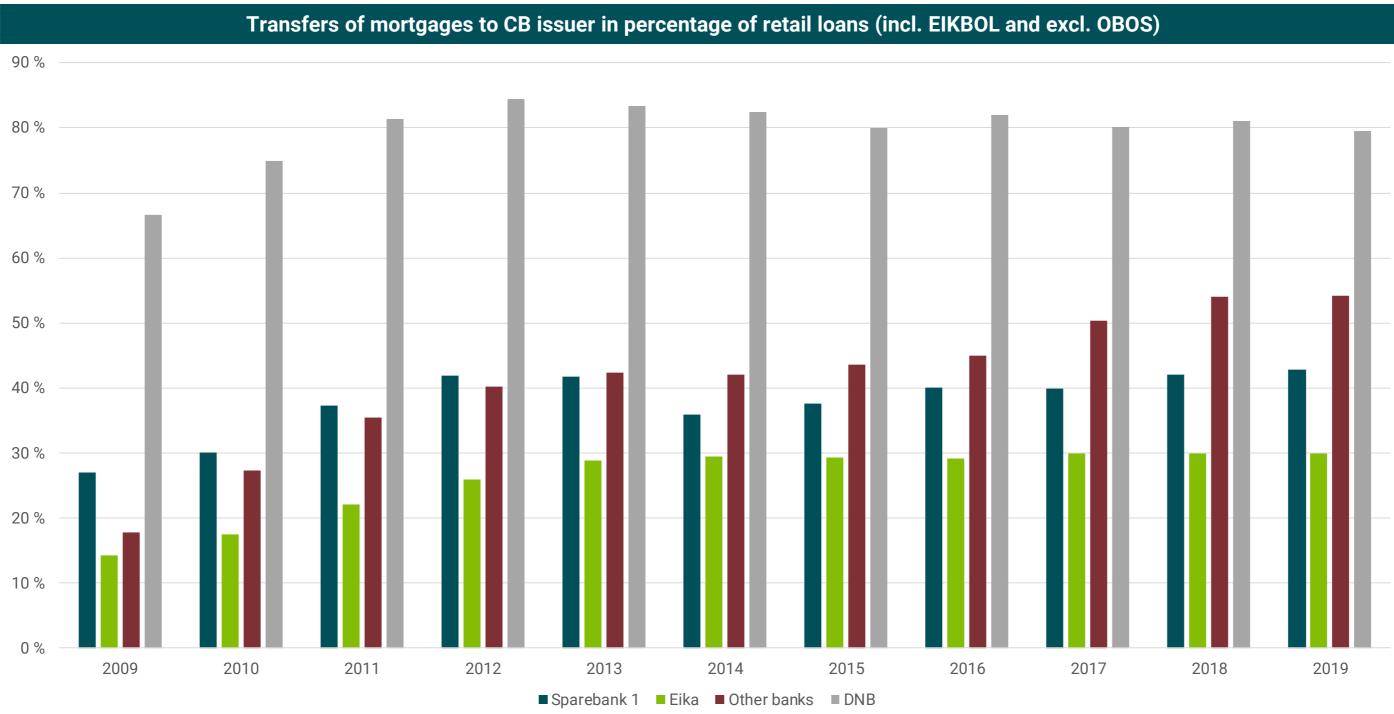


Quarterly data - P&L and Key figures

P&L & balance in NOK mil.	2Q18	3Q18	4Q18	1Q19	2Q19	3Q19	4Q19	1Q20	2Q20	Key figures	2Q18	3Q18	4Q18	1Q19	2Q19	3Q19	4Q19	1Q20	2Q20
Net interest income	1.256	1,301	1,359	1,321	1,405	1 516	1,584	1,547	1 202	Demosit antia	04 4 04	81.8 %	81.3 %	0100/	83.5 %	0100/	01 1 0/	82.3 %	853%
Net commission income	1,256 362	349	352	340	363	1,516 420	-	409	1,283 366	Deposit ratio	84.4 % 78.1 %	81.8 % 77.2 %		81.8 % 77.1 %		81.8 %	81.1 % 77.2 %	82.5 % 76.4 %	85.5 % 77.5 %
Other income	10	349 7	0	540	505	420	433	409	500	Deposit over total funding	4.0 %	59%	6.8%	6.3 %	4.6%	57%	6.8%	5.6%	3.1 %
Total income	1,628	1,656	1,720	1,668	1,774	1,942	2,045	1,964	1,654	(Market funding - Liquid assets)/Total assets Liquid assets/Total assets	15.4 %	14.2 %	13.5 %	14.0 %	4.0 % 15.5 %	14.7 %	13.6 %	15.1 %	16.6 %
Total licome	1,020	1,050	1,720	1,000	1,//4	1,942	2,045	1,904	1,054	Market funds/Total assets	19.4 %		20.3 %						
Personnel and adm. expenses	664	738	773	765	658	767	835	555	439	Warket funds/10tal assets	19.4 70	20.1 70	20.3 70	20.5 70	20.1 70	20.4 70	20.0 %	20.7 70	19.0 70
Depreciation	35	32	36	38	37	38	41	38		Equity ratio	10.5 %	10.7 %	10.8 %	10.8 %	10.7 %	11.0 %	11.2 %	11.5 %	11.3 %
Other costs	174	176	187	188	201	182	201	461	448	Common Equity Tier 1 ratio (CET1)	17.2 %	17.1 %	18.2 %	17.8 %	17.4 %	17.4 %	19.6 %	19.4 %	19.0 %
Total costs	873	947	997	990	896	987	1,077	1,054	926	Core capital ratio	18.7 %	18.5 %	19.6 %	19.1 %	18.8 %	18.7 %	21.0 %	20.7 %	20.3 %
							-			Capital ratio	20.4 %	20.3 %	21.4 %	20.9 %	20.6 %	20.6 %	22.9 %	22.5 %	22.2 %
Core earnings before loan losses	755	709	724	678	878	955	968	910	728										
Impairment of loans and guarantees	38	23	91	23	16	21	109	305	136	Loan loss provision ratio	0.06 %	0.04 %	0.15 %	0.04 %	0.02 %	0.03 %	0.17 %	0.47 %	0.21 %
Core earnings	717	686	633	655	862	935	859	605	592	Loan loss provision/Pre-provision income	3.2 %	3.1 %	12.6 %	3.1 %	1.1 %	2.1 %	10.7 %	46.6 %	8.9 %
-										Gross problem loans/Gross loans	1.03 %	1.05 %	0.97 %	1.01 %	1.13 %	1.16 %	1.28 %	1.39 %	1.35 %
Dividends/associated companies	373	12	13	26	499	7	45	17	562	Net problem loans/Gross loans	0.80 %	0.83 %	0.75 %	0.79 %	0.93 %	0.95 %	1.02 %	1.11 %	1.06 %
Net return on financial investments	31	17	-15	35	21	19	10	-274	240	Loan loss reserves/Gross loans	0.55 %	0.53 %	0.54 %	0.54 %	0.51 %	0.51 %	0.52 %	0.58 %	0.60 %
One-offs and loss/gain on long-term assets	44	30	89	0	9	-3	-11	-4	-9	Problem loans/(Equity + LLR)	7.7 %	7.8 %	7.2 %	7.5 %	8.3 %	8.4 %	9.2 %	9.5 %	9.1 %
Pre tax profit	1,165	745	721	716	1,391	958	903	344	1,384										
Taxes	212	185	150	180	246	234	212	96	223	Net interest income/total assets	1.78 %	1.80 %	1.87 %	1.80 %	1.85 %	1.95 %	2.03 %	1.95 %	1.57 %
Net profit	953	561	571	536	1,145	723	690	248	1,161	Net commission incom/total assets	0.51 %	0.48 %	0.49 %	0.46 %	0.48 %	0.54 %	0.58 %	0.51 %	0.45 %
										Loss provision ratio	0.06 %	0.04 %	0.15 %	0.04 %	0.02 %	0.03 %	0.17 %	0.47 %	0.21 %
Gross loans	236,454	240,666	243,903	246,930	253,514	257,299	260,556	262,726	265,403	Cost/income ratio	43.0 %	56.2 %	58.0 %	57.3 %	39.1 %	50.1 %	51.3 %	61.6 %	37.7 %
Gross loans incl. EBK	313,395	318,474	323,779	327,672	335,645	340,570	344,737	348,426	353,267	Cost/income ratio (adjusted for net finance)	43.6 %	56.8 %	57.5 %	58.5 %	39.4 %	50.6 %	51.6 %	53.1 %	41.8 %
Deposits	199,511	196,904	198,358	202,039	211,800	210,493	211,338	216,196	226,481	Cost/income ratio (adj. for net finance and divid	53.6 %	57.2 %	57.9 %	59.4 %	50.5 %	50.8 %	52.7 %	53.6 %	56.0 %
Equity	30,406	31,041	31,608	32,005	33,368	34,162	34,949	37,006	37,603	Net profit in % of total assets	1.35 %	0.78 %	0.79 %	0.73 %	1.51 %	0.93 %	0.88 %	0.31 %	1.42 %
Total assets	289,333	289,328	291,614	296,779	310,486	311,973	312,675	322,778	331,998	Net profit/average RWA	2.57 %	1.48 %	1.50 %	1.39 %	2.89 %	1.79 %	1.74 %	0.63 %	2.87 %
Total assets incl. EBK	366,275	367,136	371,491	377,521	392,616	395,244	396,856	408,478	419,862	Pre-provision income/average RWA	3.12 %	1.96 %	1.90 %	1.91 %	3.53 %	2.43 %	2.57 %	1.65 %	3.78 %
										Core earnings in % of average RWA	1.90 %	1.82 %	1.65 %	1.68 %	2.13 %	2.31 %	2.20 %	1.51 %	1.45 %
Growth in loans	2.7 %	1.8 %	1.3 %	1.2 %	2.7 %	1.5 %	1.3 %	0.8 %	1.0 %	Return on equity	12.8 %	7.3 %	7.3 %	6.7 %	14.0 %	8.6 %	8.0 %	2.8 %	12.5 %
Growth in loans incl. EBK.	2.5 %	1.6 %	1.7 %	1.2 %	2.4 %	1.5 %	1.2 %	1.1 %	1.4 %										
Growth in deposits	4.8 %	-1.3 %	0.7 %	1.9 %	4.8 %	-0.6 %	0.4 %	2.3 %	4.8 %										

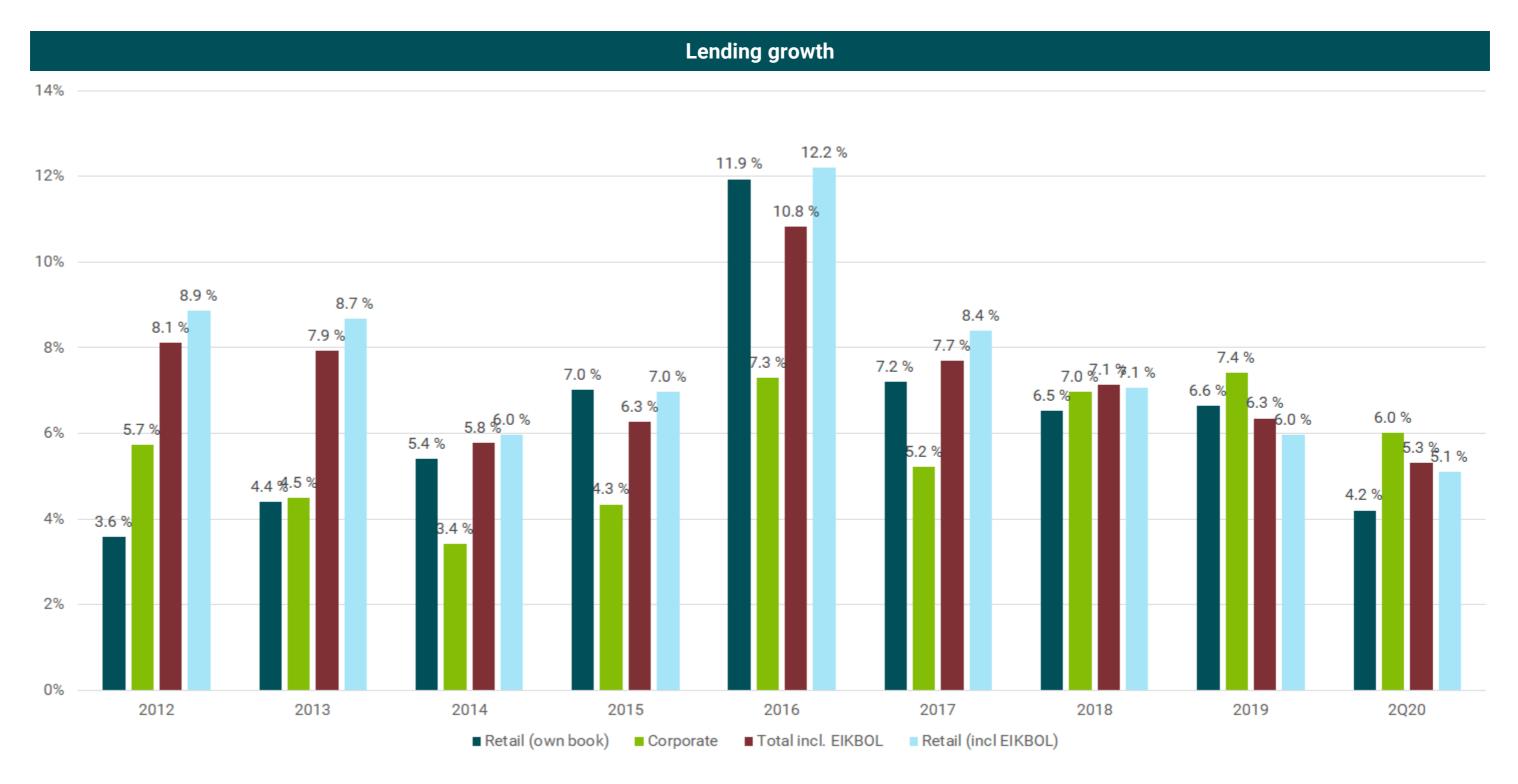
eika

Banks – transfer rate to Cov. Bond companies





Appendix Eika banks - lending growth





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